City of Harrison, Ohio

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HARRISON
OHIO

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Issued by:
Finance Department

Catherine Stockhoff
Finance Director

INTRODUCTORY

SECTION

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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Finance Department
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Harrison, Ohio 45030
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July 1, 2019

The Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council
and Citizens of the City of Harrison, Ohio

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Presented is the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Harrison, Ohio (the City). This CAFR represents the official report of the City of Harrison's operations and financial position for the year ended December 31, 2018, developed to detail the status of the City finances to Harrison residents and elected officials, investment banks, underwriters and all other interested parties. This report is presented in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments."

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge, the data contained in this report is accurate in all material respects, and is presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly the financial position and results of the operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to provide the reader with a better understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to protect its assets from loss, theft or misuse. Furthermore, the accounting system must be adequate to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Ohio law requires independent audits to be performed on all financial operations of the City, either by the Auditor of State or, if permitted by the Auditor of State, an independent public accounting firm. BHM CPA Group, Inc. performed the audit for the year ended December 31, 2018. The Independent Auditors' Report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This transmittal letter complements the MD&A, and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A immediately follows the Independent Auditors' Report.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The City has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to ensure compliance and conformance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." For financial reporting definition purposes, City management has considered all agencies, departments, and organizations comprising the City of Harrison, the primary government.

THE CITY OF HARRISON

The City of Harrison, named after President William Henry Harrison, is located in Hamilton County in southwestern Ohio, on the I-74 corridor, approximately 20 miles northwest of the City of Cincinnati. Incorporated as a village in 1850, Harrison became a city in 1981. The City covers approximately 5 square miles along the border of Ohio and Indiana, with just over 10,000 residents.

The City operates under its charter adopted in 2000, with a Mayor-Council form of government. The Mayor and seven Council members serve four year, staggered terms. The charter defines 14 departments, boards and/or commissions, though additional divisions and departments may be established by ordinance. The Mayor, with the consent of Council, appoints department directors, and may appoint one director to oversee multiple departments.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including: 24 hour police and fire protection, parks and recreation, senior services, water and wastewater utilities, utility billing, refuse collection, road maintenance, municipal court, economic development, planning, zoning, and general administrative offices. The City collects a 1% municipal income tax with a 1% credit offered to residents for taxes paid to other municipalities.

The City employs 84 full-time employees and 23 part-time employees. The United Steelworkers (USW), the Fraternal Order of Police (FOP) and the Harrison Professional Firefighters IAFF represent non-exempt employees, depending on department. Each contract is for a period of 3 years, and in 2018, the City renewed all three contracts through mid-2021.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City's commercial and residential development continued to be strong in 2018. Several businesses in the Downtown District began renovating and upgrading both the interior and exterior of their facilities. Three businesses were able to accomplish this in part by utilizing the Hamilton County/City of Harrison Revolving Loan funds. Two new businesses, O'Reilly Florist and the Tap Room, are renovating their facilities and will open early to mid-year 2019.

With regard to residential development, single-family residential growth continues with the addition of 65 new homes being built. There are a few additional developments under review to potentially add several hundred single-family homes.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City is committed to providing its residents and businesses with reliable infrastructure and dependable utility services.

Flintstone Road and West Road both underwent major reconstruction of the sewer infrastructure to upgrade the pipes and structural integration of the system.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City of Harrison has a responsibility to its citizens to properly account for public funds and to wisely manage finances, in order to ensure the continued delivery of City services.

The City's local economy is improving, reflected through the gradual increase of property tax settlements and income tax collections. The increase in these revenues, and the growth of the City's tax base, should translate into an improved fiscal footing for the City.

The City actively seeks grant funds for infrastructure and road improvements, with additional funding typically financed with low interest State loans, through the OPWC and the OWDA.

Equipment and vehicle replacements are financed through local institutions, for a maximum of 5 years depending on rotation schedule, and are included in a department's annual budget submission.

USE OF THE REPORT

The report is published to provide City Council, as well as our citizens and other interested persons, detailed information concerning the financial condition of the City, with particular emphasis placed on the utilization of resources during the past fiscal year. This report should serve as a guide in formulating policies and in conducting the City's future day-to-day activities. We believe the information, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial activity of its various funds; and all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included. Use of this report by the various departments of the City is encouraged when furnishing information. This report is available for public inspection at the City of Harrison's Finance Office, located at 300 George Street, Harrison, Ohio.

SUBMISSION TO THE CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Harrison for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. This was the 19th consecutive year that the City of Harrison has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to thank the knowledgeable staff in the Finance Department and the gracious staff in other City departments for helping me prepare this report. A special thanks to the Hamilton County Auditor's Office for quickly responding to my information requests.

I extend my sincere appreciation to Clark Schaefer Hackett CPAs for their assistance with the preparation of this CAFR.

In closing, I would like to thank the Mayor and Members of Council for their continued commitment to this City's success.

Respectfully submitted,

Catherine A Stockhoff

Catherine Stockhoff
Finance Director
Tax Commissioner

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Harrison
Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

CITY OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICIALS .....

Mayor .....WILLIAM NEYER (2016-2019) WASTEWATER SUPERINTENDENT

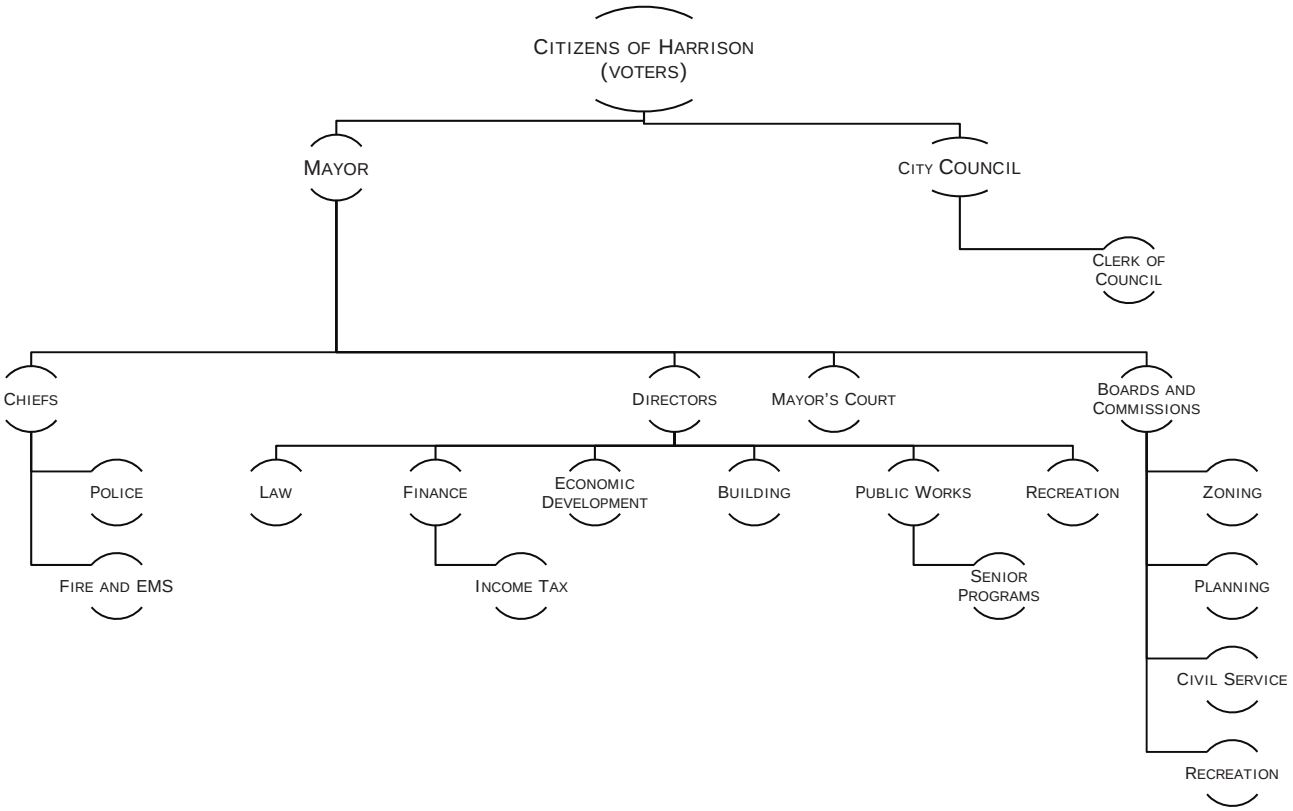
Council Member..... CINDY ABRAMS (2016-2019) HOMEMAKER
Council Member.....MIKE MAINS (2018-2021) PROFESSOR
Council Member..... ETHAN DOLE (2018-2021) ENGINEER
Council Member..... RYAN GRUBBS (2018-2021) BANKER
Council Member..... MARK LOUIS (2016-2019) MECHANICAL ENGINEER
Council Member..... HANK MENNINGER (2016-2019) LAWYER
Council Member...URBANO GALINDO (2018-2021) CONTRACT AND LOGISTIC ANALYST

APPOINTED OFFICIALS .....

Clerk of Council .....RISA DOLE
Chief of Police ..... CHARLES LINDSEY
Chief of Fire ..... WILLIAM R. HURSONG
Director of Finance.....CATHERINE STOCKHOFF
Director of Law..... WILLIAM DETERS
Director of Public Works.....JAMES LESLIE
Director of Economic Development..... SHANNON HAMONS
Director of Building ..... SHANNON HAMONS
Income Tax Commissioner .....CATHERINE STOCKHOFF
Senior Program Coordinator .....JILL FRENCH
Recreation Director .....KIM SOVERN
Magistrate ..... ALEX TRIANTAFILOU
Mayor's Court Clerk..... LISA PFAFFL

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



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FINANCIAL

SECTION

bhm cpa group, inc.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report

City of Harrison
Hamilton County
300 George Street
Harrison, Ohio 45030

To the Members of City Council

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrison, Hamilton County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Harrison, Hamilton County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Fire Improvement Funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, during 2018, the City adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions.* We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and schedules of net pension and other post-employment liabilities and pension and other post-employment contribution listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements.

We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 1, 2019 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BHM CPA Group

BHM CPA Group Inc.
Piketon, Ohio
July 1, 2019

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The discussion and analysis of the City of Harrison, Ohio's financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the year ended December 31, 2018 include:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent year by $15,046,086.
- The City's total net position increased during the year by $298,420, or 2%.
- Unrestricted net position was in a deficit of $14,427,176, primarily attributable to the City's recognition of its proportionate share of net pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liabilities.
- The City's total expenses were $17,334,807, an increase of $1,345,656.
- Program revenues of $8,902,403 reduced the net cost of the City's functions to be financed from the City's general revenues to $8,432,404.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole City, presenting both an aggregated view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those statements. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these financial statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the City to provide programs and activities, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2018?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in net position. This change informs the reader whether the City's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the reader of these financial statements should take into account non-financial factors that also impact the City's financial well-being. Some of these factors include the City's tax base and the condition of its capital assets. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the financial information of the City is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities – Most of the City's services are reported here including police and fire protection, parks and recreation, street repair and maintenance, and general government.

- Business-Type Activities – These activities include the water, sewer, storm water, sanitation and water/wastewater deposits operations where the fees charged for these services are based upon the amount of usage and the intent is to recoup operational costs through the user fees.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about each major fund. The major funds of the City include the General, Fire Improvement, Capital Improvement, Water and Sewer funds. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, the focus of the fund financial statements is on the City's most significant funds, and therefore only the major funds are presented in separate columns. All other funds are combined into one column for reporting purposes.

Governmental Funds

Most of the City's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to our residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary funds; enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, storm water, sanitation and water/wastewater deposit management functions. The City charges citizens for the services it provides, with the intent of recouping operating costs.

Fiduciary Funds

The financial activity of custodial funds, for which the City acts as the fiscal agent, is reported separately in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. This financial activity is excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Agency funds are the only fiduciary fund type used by the City.

The City as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the City as a whole. In the case of the City of Harrison, Ohio, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by a total $15.0 million at December 31, 2018.

Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net position for 2018 compared to 2017:

Table 1
Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2018	*Restated* 2017	2018	*Restated* 2017	2018	*Restated* 2017
Current and other assets	$ 8,960,311	$ 8,394,345	$ 7,944,171	$ 5,634,094	$ 16,904,482	$ 14,028,439
Capital assets	22,016,882	21,675,340	31,496,977	31,880,770	53,513,859	53,556,110
Total assets	30,977,193	30,069,685	39,441,148	37,514,864	70,418,341	67,584,549
Deferred outflows of resources	4,294,960	3,313,837	848,825	1,083,815	5,143,785	4,397,652
Long-term liabilities:						
Net pension liability	11,671,810	11,878,814	794,982	1,109,634	12,466,792	12,988,448
Net OPEB liability	10,614,893	8,509,947	644,022	580,758	11,258,915	9,090,705
Other long-term liabilities	7,987,231	8,778,305	20,113,341	21,701,829	28,100,572	30,480,134
Other liabilities	493,172	541,288	2,921,955	196,573	3,415,127	737,861
Total liabilities	30,767,106	29,708,354	24,474,300	23,588,794	55,241,406	53,297,148
Deferred inflows of resources	5,040,320	3,930,783	234,314	6,604	5,274,634	3,937,387
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	14,769,743	13,707,662	12,114,803	11,064,695	26,884,546	24,772,357
Restricted	1,033,072	1,053,199	1,555,644	1,718,199	2,588,716	2,771,398
Unrestricted (deficit)	(16,338,088)	(15,016,476)	1,910,912	2,220,387	(14,427,176)	(12,796,089)
Total net position	$ (535,273)	$ (255,615)	$ 15,581,359	$ 15,003,281	$ 15,046,086	$ 14,747,666

The net pension liability (NPL) is one of the largest liabilities reported by the City at December 31, 2018 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27*. For 2018, the City adopted GASB Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB Statement No. 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB Statement No. 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 75, the City is reporting a net OPEB liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation, along with a correction of loan balances, had the effect of restating net position at December 31, 2017, from $8,305,532 to a deficit balance of $255,615 for governmental activities and $15,577,580 to $15,003,281 for business-type activities.

As displayed in Table 1, total net position of the City increased by $298,420 from 2017 to 2018. Total assets increased by 4.2%, while total liabilities increased by 3.6%.

The increase in assets was due to higher restricted cash and investment balances, due to unspent note proceeds from the issuance of bond anticipation notes for sewer improvements.

The increase in liabilities was attributable to higher net OPEB liabilities, as the state-wide retirement systems changes in assumptions.

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the City's assets. At year-end, capital assets represented 76% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, building and improvements, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The deficit balance reported in governmental activities is attributable to the recognition of the City's proportionate share of net pension and OPEB liabilities in accordance with GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 75. If the net pension and OPEB liabilities and related deferrals were excluded, the unrestricted net position for governmental activities would be a positive $2,714,953. As the operation of the state-wide retirement systems are outside the control of the City and varies significantly from year to year based on the performance of investments, it's important to acknowledge the significant impact the recognition of the net pension and OPEB liabilities has on the City's reported net position.

Table 2 shows the changes in the governmental and business-type net position for the year ended December 31, 2018 compared with the prior year.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	$ 1,404,553	$ 1,472,959	$ 6,078,028	$ 6,228,800	$ 7,482,581	$ 7,701,759
Operating grants and contributions	663,984	734,756	22,838	16,810	686,822	751,566
Capital grants and contributions	733,000	777,693	-	-	733,000	777,693
Total program revenues	2,801,537	2,985,408	6,100,866	6,245,610	8,902,403	9,231,018
General revenues:						
Income taxes	3,790,538	4,607,002	-	-	3,790,538	4,607,002
Property and other taxes	4,059,304	3,711,693	-	-	4,059,304	3,711,693
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	548,653	518,899	-	-	548,653	518,899
Investment earnings	16,544	23,092	128,214	11,469	144,758	34,561
Miscellaneous	137,183	81,197	50,388	5,461	187,571	86,658
Total general revenues	8,552,222	8,941,883	178,602	16,930	8,730,824	8,958,813
Total revenues	11,353,759	11,927,291	6,279,468	6,262,540	17,633,227	18,189,831
Expenses:						
Security of persons and property	8,541,514	7,383,171	-	-	8,541,514	7,383,171
Public health services	269,458	243,534	-	-	269,458	243,534
Leisure time activities	264,355	275,475	-	-	264,355	275,475
Community and economic development	362,732	412,099	-	-	362,732	412,099
Transportation	1,101,545	1,220,645	-	-	1,101,545	1,220,645
General government	1,076,734	1,440,972	-	-	1,076,734	1,440,972
Interest on long-term debt	175,623	174,599	-	-	175,623	174,599
Water	-	-	1,915,189	1,739,329	1,915,189	1,739,329
Sewer	-	-	2,979,701	2,482,954	2,979,701	2,482,954
Storm water	-	-	55,278	131,944	55,278	131,944
Water/wastewater deposit	-	-	17,464	2,892	17,464	2,892
Sanitation	-	-	575,214	481,537	575,214	481,537
Total expenses	11,791,961	11,150,495	5,542,846	4,838,656	17,334,807	15,989,151
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	(438,202)	776,796	736,622	1,423,884	298,420	2,200,680
Transfers	158,544	58,652	(158,544)	(58,652)	-	-
Change in net position	(279,658)	835,448	578,078	1,365,232	298,420	2,200,680
Beginning net position, *restated*	(255,615)	N/A	15,003,281	N/A	14,747,666	N/A
Ending net position	$ (535,273)	$ (255,615)	$ 15,581,359	$ 15,003,281	$ 15,046,086	$ 14,747,666

Governmental Activities

Total governmental activities revenue decreased by $573,532, or 4.8%. The decrease was driven by lower income tax revenue, as the City received a catch-up payment in 2017, and experienced a flat local economy during 2018, as evidenced by a slight increase in the unemployment rate from 4.0% in 2017 to 4.1% in 2018. Total governmental activities expenses increased by $641,466, or 6%. The majority of the increase occurred in security of persons and property because of increases in the City's proportionate share of the Ohio Police & Fire Retirement System's net pension and OPEB liabilities. The increase was partially offset by decreases in transportation and general government expenses due to fewer repairs and increased reimbursements from the utility funds for shared service costs.

Table 3, for governmental activities, indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and operating and capital grants offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by income and property taxes revenues and unrestricted intergovernmental revenue.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2018	Net Cost of Services 2018	Total Cost of Services 2017	Net Cost of Services 2017
Security of persons and property	$ 8,541,514	$ 7,624,247	$ 7,383,171	$ 6,179,767
Public health services	269,458	163,741	243,534	195,348
Leisure time activities	264,355	224,095	275,475	230,894
Community and economic development	362,732	148,693	412,099	150,276
Transportation	1,101,545	(160,189)	1,220,645	108,481
General government	1,076,734	814,214	1,440,972	1,125,722
Interest on long-term debt	175,623	175,623	174,599	174,599
Total cost of services	$ 11,791,961	$ 8,990,424	$ 11,150,495	$ 8,165,087

It should be noted that 24% of the cost of services for governmental activities are derived from program revenues, including charges for services and operating and capital grants. As shown by the total net costs of $8,990,424, the majority of the City's programs are funded by general revenues. A significant portion of the total general revenues consists of income and property taxes.

Business-Type Activities

The City's major business-type activities include water and sewer operations. The Water Fund operations experienced a decline, with an operating loss of $82,541, a decrease from the prior year of $234,983. This was due to an increase in the cost of shared services utilized by the Water Fund. The Sewer Fund had operating income of $1,600,751, a decrease of $377,090, also due to the increase in shared services costs and increased sewer infrastructure repairs.

The City's Funds

Information about the City's major governmental funds begins after the Statement of Activities. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds had total revenues of $11.4 million, expenditures of $11.4 million, and net other financing sources of $0.3 million. During 2018, total fund balance of the governmental funds increased by approximately $338,000 to a total fund balance at year-end of $2.9 million. While capital assets are included in the statement of net position, expenditures are recognized in the fund statements thereby reducing the amount of resources available for future spending. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The City's General Fund experienced an increase in fund balance during 2018 of $212,651. The General Fund is the primary fund that finances government services to citizens. Total revenue decreased by approximately 7%, due to a correction by the Hamilton County Auditor in allocation of property taxes and related homestead and rollback revenue towards the Fire Improvement Fund. Income taxes also experienced a decline, as previously discussed. However, expenditures and transfers out decreased by 13%, due to increased reimbursements from the utility funds for shared services costs and less transfers needed by the Fire Improvement Fund with the property tax allocation correction.

The Fire Improvement Fund increased by $36,215 to reduce its deficit fund balance to $50,680. The Fire Improvement Fund benefited from increases in property taxes, due a to correction in allocations made by the Hamilton County Auditor between the General Fund and Fire Improvement Fund.

The Capital Improvement Fund is used acquire or construct capital assets for the City. The Fund is primarily funded with hotel taxes and State grants and loans. Fund balance increased during the year by only $26,295. Project expenditures incurred during the year include road work on Campbell Road, New Haven Road, Flintstone Drive and North Hill Street.

Explanation of the changes in the major enterprise funds of the City follow the same explanations as those provided in the assessment of the business-type activities noted above since enterprise funds are accounted for using full accrual accounting, the same accounting basis used in the City-wide statements.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is adopted on a fund basis. Before the budget is adopted, Council reviews the budgets of each department within the General Fund and other funds, and then adopts the budget. The legal level of budgetary control is at the object level. During 2018, the City amended its original budgetary amounts several times as certain information became known. Within each departmental budget, the Finance Director may make small line item adjustments within the budget, as long as the total operational and maintenance amount does not exceed their budgetary allotment.

The final budget for estimated revenues was fairly consistent with the original budget, increasing by less than 1%. Actual revenues came in approximately $286,950 lower than budgeted, as the anticipated income tax collections were below expectations, as discussed previously.

The final budget for expenditures was fairly consistent with the original budget, increasing by less than 1%. Due to the City's continuing efforts to monitor and control expenditures, actual budgetary expenditures came in approximately $463,000 less than the $5.4 million included in the final budget for 2018.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2018, the City had a total of $82.7 million invested in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation of $29.2 million, resulting in total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, of $53.5 million. The City continued its efforts to upgrade its capital assets during 2018. The City completed several road projects on Campbell Road, New Haven Road, and Flintstone Drive. The City also began road improvements on North Hill Street and sewer line reconstruction on West Road.

Table 4 shows 2018 balances compared to those of 2017:

Table 4
Capital Assets at Year-End
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Land	$ 3,015,891	$ 3,015,891	$ 485,420	$ 485,420	$ 3,501,311	$ 3,501,311
Construction in progress	858,857	1,432,511	435,468	-	1,294,325	1,432,511
Land improvements	3,061	5,377	-	-	3,061	5,377
Buildings and improvements	1,728,492	1,806,008	5,843,614	6,035,246	7,572,106	7,841,254
Equipment	358,031	399,825	1,436,521	1,503,028	1,794,552	1,902,853
Vehicles	628,540	781,255	141,530	145,260	770,070	926,515
Infrastructure	15,424,010	14,234,473	23,154,424	23,711,816	38,578,434	37,946,289
Totals	$ 22,016,882	$ 21,675,340	$ 31,496,977	$ 31,880,770	$ 53,513,859	$ 53,556,110

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2018, the City had a total of $26.7 million of long-term debt obligations compared with $28.9 million reported at December 31, 2017. Table 5 shows outstanding debt obligations of the City at December 31, 2018 compared with 2017:

Table 5
Outstanding Long-term Debt Obligations at Year end

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
General Obligation Bonds	$ 3,505,000	$ 3,935,000	$ 4,245,000	$ 4,415,000	$ 7,750,000	$ 8,350,000
Capital Leases	1,199,058	1,469,570	42,628	39,503	1,241,686	1,509,073
OPWC Loans	2,423,542	2,297,547	1,051,590	1,164,928	3,475,132	3,462,475
OWDA Loans	-	-	3,265,200	3,576,107	3,265,200	3,576,107
Revenue Bonds	-	-	11,015,000	11,955,000	11,015,000	11,955,000
Total	$ 7,127,600	$ 7,702,117	$ 19,619,418	$ 21,150,538	$ 26,747,018	$ 28,852,655

Of the City's general obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2018, $3.5 million are accounted for within the governmental activities and the remaining $4.2 million are reported in the Sewer Fund. Revenue bonds are recorded in the Sewer Fund and are paid with charges for services of that fund.

OPWC loans represent interest-free loans from the State of Ohio and are paid from general revenues of the General Fund and from charges for services in the Sewer and Storm Water Funds. The OWDA loans outstanding at year-end are associated with the City's Water enterprise fund and are paid with the revenue sources of that fund.

During 2018, the City issued $2.7 million in bond anticipation notes to finance sewer improvements.

See Note 12 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on the debt obligations of the City.

Contacting the City's Finance Department

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the Finance Department at City of Harrison, Ohio, 300 George Street, Harrison, Ohio 45030.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	$ 2,861,430	$ 2,676,843	$ 5,538,273
Cash in segregated accounts	16,118	-	16,118
Receivables:			
Property and other taxes	3,533,333	-	3,533,333
Payment in lieu of taxes	566,644	-	566,644
Income taxes	1,406,494		1,406,494
Accounts	65,346	1,016,438	1,081,784
Intergovernmental	439,542	-	439,542
Prepaid items	62,054	9,490	71,544
Materials and supplies inventory	9,350	47,966	57,316
Restricted cash and investments	-	4,193,434	4,193,434
Non-depreciable capital assets	3,874,748	920,888	4,795,636
Depreciable capital assets, net	18,142,134	30,576,089	48,718,223
Total assets	30,977,193	39,441,148	70,418,341
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred charge on refunding	-	556,464	556,464
Pensions	2,872,290	235,816	3,108,106
OPEB	1,422,670	56,545	1,479,215
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,294,960	848,825	5,143,785
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	33,254	41,408	74,662
Accrued salaries	233,376	37,286	270,662
Intergovernmental payable	203,190	23,559	226,749
Accrued interest payable	23,352	119,702	143,054
Notes payable	-	2,700,000	2,700,000
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	923,869	1,614,310	2,538,179
Due more than one year:			
Net pension liability	11,671,810	794,982	12,466,792
Net OPEB liability	10,614,893	644,022	11,258,915
Other long-term amounts due more than one year	7,063,362	18,499,031	25,562,393
Total liabilities	30,767,106	24,474,300	55,241,406
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property taxes and payment in lieu of taxes levied for next year	3,979,022	-	3,979,022
Pensions	874,566	186,339	1,060,905
OPEB	186,732	47,975	234,707
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,040,320	234,314	5,274,634
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	14,769,743	12,114,803	26,884,546
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	362,310	-	362,310
Debt service	-	1,555,644	1,555,644
Streets and highways	166,601	-	166,601
Recreation	504,161	-	504,161
Unrestricted (deficit)	(16,338,088)	1,910,912	(14,427,176)
Total net position	$ (535,273)	$ 15,581,359	$ 15,046,086

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

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CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs							
Governmental activities:							
Security of persons and property	$ 8,541,514	$ 886,151	$ 31,116	$ -	$ (7,624,247)	$ -	$ (7,624,247)
Public health services	269,458	18,611	87,106	-	(163,741)	-	(163,741)
Leisure time activities	264,355	24,102	16,158	-	(224,095)	-	(224,095)
Community and economic development	362,732	214,039	-	-	(148,693)	-	(148,693)
Transportation	1,101,545	-	528,734	733,000	160,189	-	160,189
General government	1,076,734	261,650	870	-	(814,214)	-	(814,214)
Interest on long-term debt	175,623	-	-	-	(175,623)	-	(175,623)
Total governmental activities	11,791,961	1,404,553	663,984	733,000	(8,990,424)	-	(8,990,424)
Business-type activities:							
Water	1,915,189	1,708,202	22,838	-	-	(184,149)	(184,149)
Sewer	2,979,701	3,742,824	-	-	-	763,123	763,123
Other business-type activities:							
Storm Water	55,278	111,570	-	-	-	56,292	56,292
Water/Wastewater deposit	17,464	10,088	-	-	-	(7,376)	(7,376)
Sanitation	575,214	505,344	-	-	-	(69,870)	(69,870)
Total business-type activities	5,542,846	6,078,028	22,838	-	-	558,020	558,020
Total	$ 17,334,807	$ 7,482,581	$ 686,822	$ 733,000	(8,990,424)	558,020	(8,432,404)
General revenues and transfers:							
Income taxes levied for general purposes					3,790,538	-	3,790,538
Property taxes levied for:							
General purposes					1,316,151	-	1,316,151
Fire improvements					1,954,284	-	1,954,284
Police pension					70,192	-	70,192
Recreation					18,600	-	18,600
Capital projects					108,263	-	108,263
Payments in lieu of taxes					591,814	-	591,814
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs					548,653	-	548,653
Investment earnings					16,544	128,214	144,758
Miscellaneous					137,183	50,388	187,571
Transfers					158,544	(158,544)	-
Total general revenues and transfers					8,710,766	20,058	8,730,824
Change in net position					(279,658)	578,078	298,420
Net position beginning of year, *restated*					(255,615)	15,003,281	14,747,666
Net position end of year					$ (535,273)	$ 15,581,359	$ 15,046,086

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2018

	General	Fire Improvement	Capital Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	$ 977,257	$ 89,053	$ 302,360	$ 1,492,760	$ 2,861,430
Cash in segregated accounts	-	-	-	16,118	16,118
Receivables:					
Property and other taxes	1,411,696	2,036,816	11,486	73,335	3,533,333
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	-	-	566,644	566,644
Income taxes	1,406,494	-	-	-	1,406,494
Accounts	14,880	50,466	-	-	65,346
Intergovernmental	120,993	77,771	-	240,778	439,542
Prepaid items	24,076	28,418	-	9,560	62,054
Materials and supplies inventory	-	-	-	9,350	9,350
Advances to other funds	20,411	-	-	-	20,411
Total assets	$ 3,975,807	$ 2,282,524	$ 313,846	$ 2,408,545	$ 8,980,722
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	$ 12,628	$ 13,407	$ 360	$ 6,859	$ 33,254
Accrued salaries	100,692	104,781	-	27,903	233,376
Intergovernmental payable	85,514	100,429	-	17,247	203,190
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	20,411	20,411
Total liabilities	198,834	218,617	360	72,420	490,231
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property taxes and payment in lieu of taxes levied for next year	1,360,679	1,986,000	-	632,343	3,979,022
Unavailable revenue	1,277,701	128,587	-	164,216	1,570,504
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,638,380	2,114,587	-	796,559	5,549,526
Fund balances					
Nonspendable	44,487	28,418	-	18,910	91,815
Restricted	-	-	-	1,085,675	1,085,675
Committed	371,074	-	313,486	-	684,560
Assigned	223,719	-	-	440,549	664,268
Unassigned	499,313	(79,098)	-	(5,568)	414,647
Total fund balances	1,138,593	(50,680)	313,486	1,539,566	2,940,965
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	$ 3,975,807	$ 2,282,524	$ 313,846	$ 2,408,545	$ 8,980,722

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to
Net Position of Governmental Activities
December 31, 2018

Total governmental fund balances		$ 2,940,965
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		22,016,882
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds.		1,570,504
In the statement of net position, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, interest is accrued when due.		(23,352)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Bonds payable	(3,624,539)	
OPWC loan payable	(2,423,542)	
Capital lease payable	(1,199,058)	
Compensated absences payable	(740,092)	(7,987,231)
The net pension and OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:		
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,872,290	
Deferred inflows - pensions	(874,566)	
Net pension liability	(11,671,810)	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	1,422,670	
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(186,732)	
Net OPEB liability	(10,614,893)	(19,053,041)
Net position of governmental activities		$ (535,273)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General	Fire Improvement	Capital Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Property and other taxes	$ 1,309,649	$ 1,948,460	$ 108,263	$ 88,509	$ 3,454,881
Income taxes	3,881,264	-	-	-	3,881,264
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	-	-	597,294	597,294
Intergovernmental	492,034	167,543	733,000	620,359	2,012,936
Charges for services	644	883,327	-	8,676	892,647
Fines, costs and forfeitures	148,850	-	-	7,369	156,219
Licenses, permits and inspections	321,405	-	-	-	321,405
Interest	16,544	-	-	-	16,544
Contributions	23,862	370	-	19,638	43,870
Other	23,488	20,250	-	5,182	48,920
Total revenues	6,217,740	3,019,950	841,263	1,347,027	11,425,980
Expenditures					
Current:					
Security of persons and property	3,000,610	3,902,297	-	38,280	6,941,187
Public health services	15,792	-	-	250,180	265,972
Leisure time activities	80,950	-	-	120,779	201,729
Community and economic development	320,798	-	-	-	320,798
Transportation	-	-	-	708,316	708,316
General government	535,637	-	-	385,282	920,919
Capital outlay	5,577	61,482	942,575	41,484	1,051,118
Debt Service:					
Principal retirement	365,199	227,721	97,649	143,773	834,342
Interest and fiscal charges	11,199	37,572	13,863	120,546	183,180
Total expenditures	4,335,762	4,229,072	1,054,087	1,808,640	11,427,561
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,881,978	(1,209,122)	(212,824)	(461,613)	(1,581)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	307,400	1,335,337	58,544	681,390	2,382,671
Transfers out	(1,976,727)	(90,000)	-	(157,400)	(2,224,127)
OPWC loans issued	-	-	180,575	-	180,575
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,669,327)	1,245,337	239,119	523,990	339,119
Net change in fund balances	212,651	36,215	26,295	62,377	337,538
Fund balance, beginning of year	925,942	(86,895)	287,191	1,477,189	2,603,427
Fund balance, end of year	$ 1,138,593	$ (50,680)	$ 313,486	$ 1,539,566	$ 2,940,965

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	$	337,538
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense:		
Capital asset additions		945,980
Depreciation expense		(604,438)
Revenue in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, rather these revenues are unavailable.		(67,971)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Compensated absences		130,535
Interest on long-term debt		785
Amortization of bond premiums		6,772
Repayment of long-term obligations is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current year, theses amounts consisted of general obligation bonds, OPWC loans, and capital leases.		834,342
Loan proceeds are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds, but are reported as increases of liabilities on the statement of net position.		(180,575)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows:		
Pensions		940,611
OPEB		18,598
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities are reported as pension and OPEB expense in the statement of activities:		
Pensions		(1,726,179)
OPEB		(915,656)
Change in net position of governmental activities	$	(279,658)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues				
Property and other taxes	$ 1,251,523	$ 1,251,523	$ 1,309,649	$ 58,126
Income taxes	4,352,877	4,352,877	4,034,972	(317,905)
Intergovernmental	447,291	447,291	492,119	44,828
Charges for services	500	500	644	144
Fines, costs and forfeitures	165,000	165,000	152,362	(12,638)
Licenses, permits and inspections	331,350	331,850	322,880	(8,970)
Interest	20,000	20,000	16,544	(3,456)
Contributions	100	100	9,558	9,458
Other	930,352	930,352	893,908	(36,444)
Total revenues	7,498,993	7,499,493	7,232,636	(266,857)
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	1,615,137	1,611,137	1,332,794	278,343
Security of persons and property	2,981,618	2,994,616	2,879,962	114,654
Community and economic development	330,213	336,015	322,276	13,739
Leisure time activity	80,292	86,252	81,784	4,468
Debt service	357,080	357,080	357,080	-
Total expenditures	5,364,340	5,385,100	4,973,896	411,204
Excess of revenues over expenditures	2,134,653	2,114,393	2,258,740	144,347
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	7,400	(7,400)
Transfers out	(2,614,713)	(2,614,713)	(2,230,412)	384,301
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,614,713)	(2,614,713)	(2,223,012)	376,901
Net change in fund balance	(480,060)	(500,320)	35,728	$ 536,048
Fund balance, beginning of year	267,202	267,202	267,202	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	113,999	113,999	113,999	
Fund balance, end of year	$ (98,859)	$ (119,119)	$ 416,929	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Fire Improvement Fund - Major Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues				
Property and other taxes	$ 1,909,326	$ 1,909,326	$ 1,948,460	$ 39,134
Intergovernmental	123,360	123,360	167,543	44,183
Charges for services	856,954	856,954	884,454	27,500
Contributions	-	-	370	370
Other	3,090	3,090	16,250	13,160
Total revenues	2,892,730	2,892,730	3,017,077	124,347
Expenditures				
Current:				
Security of persons and property				
Fire Department				
Personal services	3,771,513	3,729,913	3,649,788	80,125
Contractual services	429,497	461,469	452,672	8,797
Operations/maintenance	207,934	206,536	146,797	59,739
Capital outlay	50,611	62,837	62,724	113
Debt service	61,200	61,200	61,200	-
Total expenditures	4,520,755	4,521,955	4,373,181	148,774
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(1,628,025)	(1,629,225)	(1,356,104)	273,121
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	1,467,850	1,467,850	1,335,337	(132,513)
Transfers out	(90,000)	(90,000)	(90,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,377,850	1,377,850	1,245,337	(132,513)
Net change in fund balance	(250,175)	(251,375)	(110,767)	$ 140,608
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	-	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	61,699	61,699	61,699	
Fund balance, end of year	$ (188,476)	$ (189,676)	$ (49,068)	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
December 31, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Sewer	Non-major	Total
Assets				
Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	$ 1,295,099	$ 988,503	$ 393,241	$ 2,676,843
Receivables:				
Accounts	281,166	623,550	111,722	1,016,438
Prepaid items	3,588	5,902	-	9,490
Materials and supplies inventory	46,415	1,551	-	47,966
Total current assets	1,626,268	1,619,506	504,963	3,750,737
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash and investments	-	4,193,434	-	4,193,434
Advances to other funds	-	17,178	-	17,178
Non-depreciable capital assets	480,860	440,028	-	920,888
Depreciable capital assets, net	11,645,316	17,195,813	1,734,960	30,576,089
Total noncurrent assets	12,126,176	21,846,453	1,734,960	35,707,589
Total assets	13,752,444	23,465,959	2,239,923	39,458,326
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred charge on refunding	-	556,464	-	556,464
Pensions	109,187	126,629	-	235,816
OPEB	26,098	30,447	-	56,545
Total deferred outflows of resources	135,285	713,540	-	848,825
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	12,230	29,178	-	41,408
Accrued salaries	18,227	19,059	-	37,286
Intergovernmental payable	10,771	12,788	-	23,559
Accrued interest payable	47,939	71,763	-	119,702
Advances from other funds	-	-	17,178	17,178
Notes payable	-	2,700,000	-	2,700,000
Compensated absences payable, current portion of	3,196	5,896	-	9,092
Capital lease payable, current portion of	15,412	-	-	15,412
Revenue bonds payable, current portion of	-	980,000	-	980,000
General obligation bonds payable, current portion of	-	175,000	-	175,000
OPWC loans payable, current portion of	-	92,308	21,030	113,338
OWDA loans payable, current portion of	321,468	-	-	321,468
Total current liabilities	429,243	4,085,992	38,208	4,553,443
Long-term liabilities:				
Capital lease payable, net of current portion	27,216	-	-	27,216
Revenue bonds payable, net of current portion	-	10,185,391	-	10,185,391
General obligation bonds payable, net of current portion	-	4,176,619	-	4,176,619
OPWC loans payable, net of current portion	-	738,467	199,785	938,252
OWDA loans payable, net of current portion	2,943,732	-	-	2,943,732
Compensated absences payable, net of current portion	57,207	170,614	-	227,821
Net pension liability	370,717	424,265	-	794,982
Net OPEB liability	297,241	346,781	-	644,022
Total long-term liabilities	3,696,113	16,042,137	199,785	19,938,035
Total liabilities	4,125,356	20,128,129	237,993	24,491,478
Deferred inflows of resources				
Pensions	86,894	99,445	-	186,339
OPEB	22,142	25,833	-	47,975
Total deferred inflows of resources	109,036	125,278	-	234,314
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	8,818,348	1,782,310	1,514,145	12,114,803
Restricted for:				
Debt service	-	1,555,644	-	1,555,644
Unrestricted	834,989	588,138	487,785	1,910,912
Total net position	$ 9,653,337	$ 3,926,092	$ 2,001,930	$ 15,581,359

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Statement of Revenues, Expenses
and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Sewer	Non-major	Total
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	$ 1,708,202	$ 3,742,824	$ 627,002	$ 6,078,028
Other	1,206	12,273	-	13,479
Total operating revenues	1,709,408	3,755,097	627,002	6,091,507
Operating expenses				
Personnel services	574,355	647,043	-	1,221,398
Contractual services	301,773	495,146	583,879	1,380,798
Supplies and materials	135,194	192,966	-	328,160
Other	347,786	347,786	17,464	713,036
Depreciation	432,841	471,405	46,613	950,859
Total operating expenses	1,791,949	2,154,346	647,956	4,594,251
Operating income (loss)	(82,541)	1,600,751	(20,954)	1,497,256
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
Intergovernmental revenue	22,838	-	-	22,838
Interest revenue	-	128,214	-	128,214
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(123,240)	(825,355)	-	(948,595)
Other	-	36,909	-	36,909
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(100,402)	(660,232)	-	(760,634)
Income (loss) before transfers	(182,943)	940,519	(20,954)	736,622
Transfers out	(50,000)	(80,075)	(28,469)	(158,544)
Change in net position	(232,943)	860,444	(49,423)	578,078
Net position, beginning of year, *restated*	9,886,280	3,065,648	2,051,353	15,003,281
Net position, end of year	$ 9,653,337	$ 3,926,092	$ 2,001,930	$ 15,581,359

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Sewer	Non-major	Total
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from customers	$ 1,698,361	$ 3,735,372	$ 627,785	$ 6,061,518
Cash payments for employee services and benefits	(490,171)	(598,608)	-	(1,088,779)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(426,867)	(664,646)	(583,879)	(1,675,392)
Cash payments for other operating expenses	(347,786)	(347,786)	(17,464)	(713,036)
Cash received from other operating revenue	1,206	12,273	-	13,479
Net cash from operating activities	434,743	2,136,605	26,442	2,597,790
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Transfers	(50,000)	(80,075)	(28,469)	(158,544)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Acquisition of capital assets	(24,300)	(515,148)	-	(539,448)
Proceeds from notes payable	-	2,700,000	-	2,700,000
Premium on issuance of notes	-	36,909	-	36,909
Note issuance costs	-	(10,444)	-	(10,444)
Principal retirement	(335,400)	(1,202,308)	(21,030)	(1,558,738)
Interest paid	(104,991)	(786,594)	-	(891,585)
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	(464,691)	222,415	(21,030)	(263,306)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest	-	128,214	-	128,214
Net change	(79,948)	2,407,159	(23,057)	2,304,154
Cash and pooled investments beginning of year	1,375,047	2,774,778	416,298	4,566,123
Cash and pooled investments end of year	$ 1,295,099	$ 5,181,937	$ 393,241	$ 6,870,277
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	$ (82,541)	$ 1,600,751	$ (20,954)	$ 1,497,256
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities:				
Depreciation	432,841	471,405	46,613	950,859
Changes in deferred outflows - pensions and OPEB	83,010	95,400	-	178,410
Changes in deferred inflows - pensions and OPEB	105,988	121,722	-	227,710
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Receivables	(9,841)	(7,452)	783	(16,510)
Prepaid items	(1,012)	1,860	-	848
Materials and supplies inventory	753	8,986	-	9,739
Accounts payable	9,347	14,480	-	23,827
Accrued salaries	3,477	2,584	-	6,061
Intergovernmental payable	2,724	4,051	-	6,775
Compensated absences payable	2,220	(38,017)	-	(35,797)
Net pension liability	(141,422)	(173,230)	-	(314,652)
Net OPEB liability	29,199	34,065	-	63,264
Net cash from operating activities	$ 434,743	$ 2,136,605	$ 26,442	$ 2,597,790
Schedule of non-cash capital and related financing activities:				
Capital assets acquired through capital lease	$ 27,618	-	-	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Agency Funds
December 31, 2018

Assets	
Cash in segregated accounts	$ 13,377
Equity in pooled cash and investments	388,473
Receivables:	
Income taxes	70,632
Total assets	472,482
Liabilities	
Intergovernmental payable	472,482
Total liabilities	$ 472,482

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

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NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the City of Harrison are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are summarized below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Harrison, Ohio (the "City") is a charter city and operates under the Mayor-Council form of government. A seven-member council is elected and the council selects one of its members to serve as mayor.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are fairly presented. The primary government of the City consists of all funds and departments that comprise the legal entity of the City. They provide various services including police, fire, court, park and recreation, water sewage and sanitary services, street and sewer maintenance

Included as part of the City's primary government in the determination of the City's reporting entity is the Harrison Mayor's Court (the "Court"). Although the Court's territorial jurisdiction extends beyond the boundaries of the City, the Court's operations are not legally separate from the City. Monies held by the Court in a fiduciary capacity are included in an agency fund in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The City has no component units.

Jointly Governed Organization

Harrison Township-City of Harrison Joint Economic Development District
In an effort to facilitate economic development and to create and preserve jobs, the City has entered into a contract with Harrison Township to create a Joint Economic Development District (JEDD). In accordance with State law, the District's Board of Trustees levied a 1% income tax. The proceeds of that tax are allocated, in accordance with the contract, to the City and the Township. The City and the Township will utilize these JEDD revenues, in part, to construct infrastructure and improvement in the District. The City received $135,400 in revenues through the JEDD in 2018.

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. The statements distinguish between those activities that are governmental in nature, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues; and business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent upon fees and charges for support. Interfund activities are generally eliminated to avoid the "doubling-up" effect on revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business-type segment is self-financing or relies upon general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. All other funds are aggregated and reported as non-major governmental or non-major proprietary funds.

The City uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the Charter of the City.

Fire Improvement Fund – This fund accounts for voted property taxes and contracts that relate to the operation of the fire department.

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

B. Basis of Presentation - *continued*

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund accounts for hotel taxes, grants and loans restricted or committed to purchase equipment and construct capital assets.

Proprietary funds are used to account for the City's ongoing activities that are similar to those found in the private sector where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods and services to the general public be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Proprietary funds are either classified as enterprise or internal service. The City does not have any internal service funds.

Water Fund - Accounts for the provision of water service to the City and surrounding areas.

Sewer Fund - Accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the City and surrounding areas.

The other enterprise funds of the City are used to account for storm water, water/wastewater deposits and sanitation.

Fiduciary Funds. The City's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's agency funds account for monies held by the Mayor's Court in a fiduciary capacity and to account for the administering and collection of income taxes related to the Joint Economic Development District.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in current financial resources. Since governmental funds financial statements use a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, governmental funds financial statements include reconciliations to the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

C. Measurement Focus - *continued*

All governmental fund types are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The available period for the City is sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by the proprietary fund types. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time liabilities are incurred.

Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include municipal income taxes, property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from municipal income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: interest earnings, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax), fines and forfeitures, grants, and municipal income tax.

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

C. Measurement Focus - *continued*

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide and proprietary statements of financial position for deferred charge on refunding, pensions and other postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are explained in Notes 8 and 9.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, unavailable revenue, pensions and OPEB. Receivables for property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts that are measurable as of December 31, 2018, but are intended to finance the subsequent year's operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental fund financial statements and represents receivables that will not be collected within the available period (sixty days after year-end). Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are explained in Notes 8 and 9.

Since governmental funds' financial statements use a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds' financial statements include reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements.

D. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements. During 2018, investments were limited to STAR Ohio and U.S. Government money market mutual funds.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during 2018. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at the net asset value per share provided by STAR Ohio on an amortized cost basis at December 31, 2018, which approximates fair value.

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

D. Cash and Investments - *continued*

For 2018, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participants withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding $25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to $100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the $100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio Statutes, the Council has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. During 2018, interest revenue credited to the general fund amounted to $16,544, which includes $4,186 assigned from other funds.

The City has segregated bank accounts for the Mayor's court and senior center deposits which are held separate from the City's central bank account. The depository accounts are presented on the financial statements as "cash in segregated accounts" since they are not required to be deposited in the City treasury.

At year end, the City had $4,193,434 for both unspent note proceeds restricted for sewer improvements and amounts held by a trustee, as designated by bond indenture for debt repayment. These amounts are reported as "restricted cash and investments" in the financial statements. An analysis of the City's deposits and investments at year end is provided in Note 3.

E. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2018 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

F. Supplies Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, furniture and equipment, vehicles and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets utilized by governmental activities are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

G. Capital Assets - *continued*

The City defines capital assets as those with an individual cost of more than $5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date received. Infrastructure includes streets, storm sewers, water lines and sewer lines. Interest on constructed capital assets is capitalized for business-type activities. When capital assets are purchased, they are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide statements and the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the current period in the governmental fund financial statements.

All capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Infrastructure	50 years
Buildings	50 years
Furniture and equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	8 years
Land improvements	20 years

H. Restricted Assets

Certain cash and investments are classified as restricted cash on the financial statements because these funds are restricted for sewer improvements or being held by a trustee as designated by the bond indenture restricted for debt service.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Net pension and OPEB liabilities should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the retirement systems' fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

J. Interfund Balances

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". Long-term interfund loans (advances) are classified as "advances to other funds" and "advances from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

K. Pensions and OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liabilities and their related deferrals and expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement systems and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The retirement systems report investments at fair value.

L. Compensated Absences

The City follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*. Vacation and compensatory time benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave termination benefits are accrued using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those employees for whom it is probable that they will become eligible to receive payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end.

Vested vacation and sick leave is recorded as an expense in the government-wide statements for the period in which the leave was earned. For governmental funds, a liability is recorded for compensated absences only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Payment of vacation and sick leave recorded in the government-wide financial statements is dependent upon many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable. Management believes that sufficient resources will be available when payment is due.

M. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues

Grants made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. All other reimbursement-type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred.

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – ***continued***

O. Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in a spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted into cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed or assigned.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the City Council. The City Council has authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided those amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

O. Fund Balances - *continued*

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

P. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when the limitations imposed on its use either through constitutional provisions, enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. At December 31, 2018, none of the City's net position was restricted by enabling legislation.

The net position restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restriction on their net position use. When both restricted and non-restricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Q. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than fiduciary funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated.

The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which transfers of budget amounts cannot be made without legislative approval) is at the object level. Budgetary modifications may only be made by ordinance of the City Council. The City legally adopted supplemental appropriations during 2018.

Tax Budget

By July 15, the Mayor submits an annual tax budget for the following year to City Council for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – *continued*

Q. Budgetary Process - *continued*

Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all of the previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives the official certificate of estimated resources that states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation ordinance. On or before January 31, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances at December 31 of the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if the fiscal officer determines that the revenue collected is greater or less than the current estimates.

Appropriations

The annual appropriation ordinance must be passed no later than April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. A temporary appropriation measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period from January 1 to March 31. The appropriation ordinance fixes spending authority at the object level. The appropriation ordinance may be amended during the year, as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The amounts on the budgetary schedules reflect the original and final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications legally enacted by Council.

Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. The Ohio Revised Code prohibits expenditures plus encumbrances from exceeding appropriations. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance for governmental funds since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation lapses and is restored to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding year and is not re-appropriated.

NOTE 2—BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the City reports financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis, as provided by law, requires accounting for certain transactions according to cash receipts, disbursements, appropriations, and encumbrances. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis, are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).

2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

3. Outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than classified as a portion of fund balance (GAAP basis).

4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) rather than as an interfund receivables/payables (GAAP basis).

5. Certain funds accounted for as separate funds internally with legally adopted budgets (budget basis) do not meet the definition of special revenue funds under GASB Statement No. 54 and were reported with the General Fund (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2018, on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

	General Fund	Fire Improvement
Net change in fund balance - ***GAAP Basis***	$ 212,651	$ 36,215
Funds reclassified	(2,980)	-
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	1,035,934	(2,873)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(586,270)	(55,056)
Encumbrances	(69,922)	(89,053)
Other sources (uses)	(553,685)	-
Net change in fund balance - ***Budget Basis***	$ 35,728	$ (110,767)

NOTE 3—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash deposit and investment pool for all funds. Each fund's share of cash deposits and investments is shown separately on the statement of net position and balance sheets as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments".

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that Council has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must be either evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim moneys. Interim moneys are those moneys, which are not needed for immediate, use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

(1) United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;

(2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

(3) Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to fair value daily and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

(4) Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

(5) No-load money market funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section, and repurchase agreement secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;

(6) The State Treasury Assets Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);

(7) Certain banker’s acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of interim monies available for investment at any time; and

NOTE 3—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – ***continued***

(8) Under limited circumstance, corporate debt interests noted in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's custodial credit risk policy requires that deposits be collateralized as required by ORC Chapter 135. Ohio law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the City places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The securities pledged as collateral are pledged to a pool for each individual financial institution in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of all public deposits held by each institution, unless the financial institution participates in the Ohio Treasurer of State's Ohio Collateral Pool System, which reduces the amount to 102% of the deposits being secured. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of any state, county, municipal corporation or other legally constituted authority of any other state, or any instrumentality of such county, municipal corporation or other authority. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions.

At December 31, 2018, the carrying amount of all City deposits was $8,230,271. $7,585,871 of the City's bank balance of $8,620,143 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed above, while $1,034,272 was covered by FDIC.

NOTE 3—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – ***continued***

Investments: The City's investments at December 31, 2018 are summarized as follows:

Investment Type		Fair Value	Maturity 6 months or less
STAR Ohio	$	10,201	10,201
Money Market		1,909,203	1,909,203
	$	1,919,404	1,919,404

Credit Risk: The City's investment in STAR Ohio and the money markets have an AAAm credit rating. The City's investment policy limits its investments to those authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial credit risk beyond the requirement in the State statute that prohibits payments for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Finance Director or qualified trustee. The City's investments were not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single user. The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2018:

Investment Type		Fair Value	Percent of Total
STAR Ohio	$	10,201	0.5%
Money Market		1,909,203	99.5%
	$	1,919,404	100.0%

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the maximum maturity of investments in its portfolio to five years. Due to the money market and STAR Ohio having average maturities of 21 and 45 days, respectively, at December 31, 2018, they were presented as investments with a maturity of six months or less.

Fair Value Measurement: In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, the City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City's investments in money market and STAR Ohio funds are excluded from fair value measurement requirements under GASB Statement No. 72, and instead are reported at amortized cost.

NOTE 4—PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2018 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2017 taxes.

2018 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2018 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2018, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2018 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2019.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property current is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2018 public utility property taxes, which became a lien December 31, 2017 are levied after October 1, 2018, and are collected in 2019 with real property taxes.

The Hamilton County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of Harrison. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2018 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the current portion receivable has been offset by deferred inflows of resources since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2018 operations and the collection of the delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is reported as deferred inflows of resources.

NOTE 5—INCOME TAX

The City levies a municipal income tax of one percent on substantially all income earned within the City. In addition, the residents of the City are required to pay income tax on income earned outside of the City; however, the City allows a credit for income taxes paid to another municipality up to 100% of the City's current tax rate. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City monthly or quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

NOTE 6—INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund activity as reported in the fund financial statements includes transfers, advances to/from funds and interfund receivable/payable. The following represent the transfers during 2018:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	$ 307,400	$ 1,976,727
Fire Improvement	1,335,337	90,000
Capital Improvement	58,544	-
Nonmajor governmental funds	681,390	157,400
Water Fund	-	50,000
Sewer Fund	-	80,075
Nonmajor enterprise fund	-	28,469
	$ 2,382,671	$ 2,382,671

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; to move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; and to provide additional resources for current operations, debt service or capital improvements. Transfers into the General Fund were due to the establishment of a severance reserve fund, included with the General Fund in accordance with GAAP, that was funded by transfers from other governmental and enterprise funds. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the statement of activities.

The following represent the outstanding advances to/from other funds as of December 31, 2018:

	Advances to Other Funds	Advances from Other Funds
General Fund	$ 20,411	$ -
Nonmajor governmental funds	-	20,411
Sewer	17,178	-
Nonmajor enterprise funds	-	17,178
	$ 37,589	$ 37,589

Advances to/from other funds are long-term interfund loans that are not expected to be repaid in the subsequent year. Advances to/from other funds between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the statement of net position. Advances to/from other funds between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as a component of the “internal balance” reported on the statement of net position.

NOTE 7—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	$ 3,015,891	$ -	$ -	$ 3,015,891
Construction in progress	1,432,511	931,507	(1,505,161)	858,857
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,448,402	931,507	(1,505,161)	3,874,748
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	804,817	-	-	804,817
Buildings and improvements	3,984,073	-	-	3,984,073
Furniture and equipment	790,134	-	-	790,134
Vehicles	1,944,285	-	-	1,944,285
Infrastructure	16,418,252	1,519,634	-	17,937,886
Total capital assets being depreciated	23,941,561	1,519,634	-	25,461,195
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(799,440)	(2,316)	-	(801,756)
Buildings and improvements	(2,178,065)	(77,516)	-	(2,255,581)
Furniture and equipment	(390,309)	(41,794)	-	(432,103)
Vehicles	(1,163,030)	(152,715)	-	(1,315,745)
Infrastructure	(2,183,779)	(330,097)	-	(2,513,876)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,714,623)	(604,438)	-	(7,319,061)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	17,226,938	915,196	-	18,142,134
Capital assets, net	$ 21,675,340	$ 1,846,703	$ (1,505,161)	$ 22,016,882

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	$ 94,439
Security of persons and property	199,822
Public health services	662
Transportation	275,685
Leisure time activities	33,830
Total depreciation expense	$ 604,438

NOTE 7—CAPITAL ASSETS – ***continued***

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	$ 485,420	$ -	$ -	$ 485,420
Construction in progress	-	435,468	-	435,468
Total capital assets not being depreciated	485,420	435,468	-	920,888
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	24,474	-	-	24,474
Buildings and improvements	10,180,102	-	-	10,180,102
Furniture and equipment	7,786,720	-	-	7,786,720
Vehicles	540,696	27,618	-	568,314
Infrastructure	33,755,830	103,980	-	33,859,810
Total capital assets being depreciated	52,287,822	131,598	-	52,419,420
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(24,474)	-	-	(24,474)
Buildings and improvements	(4,144,856)	(191,632)	-	(4,336,488)
Furniture and equipment	(6,283,692)	(66,507)	-	(6,350,199)
Vehicles	(395,436)	(31,348)	-	(426,784)
Infrastructure	(10,044,014)	(661,372)	-	(10,705,386)
Total accumulated depreciation	(20,892,472)	(950,859)	-	(21,843,331)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	31,395,350	(819,261)	-	30,576,089
Capital assets, net	$ 31,880,770	$ (383,793)	$ -	$ 31,496,977

Depreciation expense was charged to segments as follows:

Major enterprise funds	
Water	$ 432,841
Sewer	471,405
Nonmajor enterprise fund	
Storm water	46,613
Total depreciation expense	$ 950,859

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – ***continued***

The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB Statement No. 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description. City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan and the Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g., City employees) may elect the Member-Directed Plan and the Combined Plan, the majority of employee members are in OPERS' Traditional Plan; therefore, the following disclosures focus on the Traditional Pension Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three-member groups under the Traditional Pension Plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS' CAFR referenced above for additional information):

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – *continued*

Group A Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013	Group B 20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013	Group C Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013
State and Local	**State and Local**	**State and Local**
Age and Service Requirements: Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	**Age and Service Requirements:** Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	**Age and Service Requirements:** Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Formula: 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of Service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	**Formula:** 2.2% of FAS multiplied by year of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	**Formula:** 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3% simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3%.

Funding Policy. The ORC provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2018, member contribution rates were 10% of salary and employer contribution rates were 14%. Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was $251,794 for 2018. Of this amount, $58,664 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description. City full-time police and firefighters participate in the Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-5164.

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – ***continued***

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5% for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0% for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5% for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72% of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either 3% or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to 3% of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy. The ORC provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police		Firefighters	
2018 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates				
Employer	19.50	%	24.00	%
Employee	12.25	%	12.25	%
2018 Actual Contribution Rates				
Employer:				
Pension	19.00	%	23.50	%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50	%	0.50	%
Total Employer	19.50	%	24.00	%
Employee	12.25	%	12.25	%

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was $799,080 for 2018. Of this amount, $152,545 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – ***continued***

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2017, to December 31, 2017. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	$ 2,059,541	$ 10,407,251	$ 12,466,792
Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.013128%	0.169570%	
Change in Proportion	0.000599%	0.009428%	
Pension Expense	$ 501,415	$ 1,428,606	$ 1,930,021

At December 31, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ 2,103	$ 157,936	$ 160,039
Change in assumptions	246,129	453,501	699,630
Change in City's proportionate share and differences in employer contributions	77,035	1,120,528	1,197,563
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	251,794	799,080	1,050,874
	$ 577,061	$ 2,531,045	$ 3,108,106
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ 40,587	$ 18,827	$ 59,414
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings	442,156	360,012	802,168
Change in City's proportionate share and differences in employer contributions	-	199,323	199,323
	$ 482,743	$ 578,162	$ 1,060,905

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – ***continued***

$1,050,874 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:			
2019	$ 243,573	$ 449,348	$ 692,921
2020	(24,658)	354,698	330,040
2021	(194,702)	(18,187)	(212,889)
2022	(181,689)	103,083	(78,606)
2023	-	216,822	216,822
Thereafter	-	48,039	48,039
	$ (157,476)	$ 1,153,803	$ 996,327

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Actuarial Assumptions. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Wage inflation	3.25%
Future salary increases, Including inflation	3.25% to 10.75%
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3% simple; Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3% simple through 2018, then 2.15% simple
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age
Mortality tables	RP-2014

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table. For males, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015. For females, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvements back to the observation period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2010. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 for males and 2010 for females. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – ***continued***

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2017, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 16.82% for 2017.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2017 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	23.00%	2.20%
Domestic Equities	19.00%	6.37%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.26%
Private Equity	10.00%	8.97%
International Equities	20.00%	7.88%
Other Investments	18.00%	5.26%
Total	100.00%	5.66%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – ***continued***

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.50%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (6.50%) and one-percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate of 7.50%	1% Increase (8.50%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 3,657,234	$ 2,059,541	$ 727,561

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date. In October 2018, the OPERS Board adopted a change in the investment return assumption, reducing it from 7.50% to 7.20%. This change will be effective for the 2018 actuarial valuation. The exact amount of the impact on the City's net pension liability is not known.

Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Actuarial Assumptions. OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2017 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2017, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determine amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past experiences and new estimates are made about the future. Based on the experience study completed as of December 31, 2016, changes in demographic and economic actuarial assumptions were made. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth. Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the current and prior measurement dates are as follows:

Valuation date	January 1, 2017 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2017	January 1, 2016 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2016
Actuarial assumption experience study date	5-year period ended December 31, 2016	5-year period ended December 31, 2011
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8.00%	8.25%
Cost-of-living adjustments	3% simple; 2.2% simple for increases based on the lesser of the increase in CPI and 3%	3% simple; 2.6% simple for increases based on the lesser of increase in CPI and 3%

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – ***continued***

Valuation date	January 1, 2017 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2017	January 1, 2016 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2016
Salary increases	3.75% to 10.50%	4.25% to 11.00%
Payroll growth	Inflation rate of 2.75% plus productivity increase rate of 0.5%	Inflation rate of 3.25% plus productivity increase rate of 0.5%

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77%	68%
68-77	105%	87%
78 and up	115%	120%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determine using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – ***continued***

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash and cash equivalents	0.0%	0.0%
Domestic equity	16.0%	5.21%
Non-U.S. equity	16.0%	5.40%
Core fixed income*	20.0%	2.37%
Global inflation protected securities*	20.0%	2.33%
High yield	15.0%	4.48%
Real estate	12.0%	5.65%
Private markets	8.0%	7.99%
Real assets	5.0%	6.87%
Master limited partnerships	8.0%	7.36%

Note: Assumptions are geometric. * Levered 2x

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.20 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate. The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 8.0%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.0%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (7.0%) or one-percentage point higher (9.0%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (7.0%)	Current Discount Rate of 8.0%	1% Increase (9.0%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 14,427,180	$ 10,407,251	$ 7,128,633

NOTE 9—DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the City's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments, health care cost trends and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annual required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB Statement No. 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for contractually-required OPEB contributions outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description. The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the Traditional Pension Plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan; the Member-Directed Plan, a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and Combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for Member-Directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, Member-Directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

NOTE 9—DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS – ***continued***

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an other post employment benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 75. See OPERS' CAFR referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, health care is not being funded.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2018, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0% of earnable salary. This is the maximum employer contribution rate permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension and Combined plans was 1.0% during calendar year 2017. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2018 decreased to 0% for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2017 was 4.0%.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, OPERS did not allocate any employer contributions to postemployment health care.

Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined postemployment healthcare plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. OP&F provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drug, dental, vision, and Medicare Part B premiums to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

NOTE 9—DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS – ***continued***

OP&F provides access to postretirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit, or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an OPEB as described in GASB Statement No. 75.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy. The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5% and 24.0% of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.0% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. There is one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. An IRS Code Section 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2018, the portion of the employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Section 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was $18,598 for 2018.

NOTE 9—DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS – ***continued***

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2017, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2017 and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. The following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability	$ 1,651,339	$ 9,607,576	$ 11,258,915
Proportion of Net OPEB Liability	0.015207%	0.169570%	
Change in Proportion	0.000463%	0.009428%	
OPEB Expense	$ 156,800	$ 820,009	$ 976,809

At December 31, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ 1,286	$ -	$ 1,286
Change in assumptions	120,236	937,497	1,057,733
Change in City's proportionate share and differences in employer contributions	23,465	378,133	401,598
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	18,598	18,598
	$ 144,987	$ 1,334,228	$ 1,479,215
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ -	$ 48,455	$ 48,455
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings	123,012	63,240	186,252
	$ 123,012	$ 111,695	$ 234,707

$18,598 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2019.

NOTE 9—DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS – ***continued***

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:			
2019	$ 38,565	$ 169,450	$ 208,015
2020	38,565	169,450	208,015
2021	(24,402)	169,450	145,048
2022	(30,753)	169,450	138,697
2023	-	185,260	185,260
Thereafter	-	340,875	340,875
	$ 21,975	$ 1,203,935	$ 1,225,910

Actuarial Assumptions—OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverages provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OBEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2017. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74:

Wage inflation	3.25%
Projected salary increases	3.25% to 10.75%, including wage inflation
Singe discount rate:	
Current measurement date	3.85%
Prior measurement date	4.23%
Investment rate of return	6.50%
Municipal bond rate	3.31%
Health care cost trend rate	7.5% initial, 3.25% ultimate in 2028
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above tables.

NOTE 9—DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS – ***continued***

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2017, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, contributions into the plans are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made, and health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio is 15.2% for 2017.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the OPERS Board as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The table below displays the OPERS Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2017 and the long-term expected real rates of return.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	34.00%	1.88%
Domestic Equities	21.00%	6.37%
REITs	6.00%	5.91%
International Equities	22.00%	7.88%
Other Investments	17.00%	5.39%
Total	100.00%	4.98%

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.85% was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2017. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 3.31%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate.

NOTE 9—DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS – ***continued***

Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2034. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.85%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0% point lower (2.85%) or 1.0% point higher (4.85%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.85%)	Current Discount Rate of 3.85%	1% Increase (4.85%)
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	$ 2,193,928	$ 1,651,339	$ 1,212,462

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate. Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0% lower or 1.0% higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2018 is 7.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.25% in the most recent valuation.

	1% Decrease	Current Health Cost Care Trend Rate Assumption	1% Increase
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	$ 1,580,018	$ 1,651,339	$ 1,725,093

Changes between Measurement Date and Report Date. In October 2018, the OPERS Board adopted a change in the investment return assumption, reducing it from 6.50% to 6.00%. This change will be effective for the 2018 actuarial valuation. The exact amount of the impact on the City' s net OPEB liability is not known.

NOTE 9—DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS – ***continued***

Actuarial Assumptions—OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2017 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2017 and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing retirement plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefit for financial purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key Methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation are presented below:

Actuarial valuation date	January 1, 2017, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8.0%
Projected salary increases	3.75% to 10.50%
Payroll growth	Inflation rate of 2.75%, plus productivity increase rate of 0.5%
Single discount rate:	
Current measurement date	3.24%
Prior measurement date	3.79%
Cost of living adjustments	3.0% simple; 2.2% simple for increase based on the lesser of the increases in CPI and 3.0%

NOTE 9—DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS – ***continued***

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77%	68%
68-77	105%	87%
78 and up	115%	120%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in OP&F's Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as a baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash and cash equivalent	0.0%	0.0%
Domestic equity	16.0%	5.21%
Non-U.S. equity	16.0%	5.40%
Core fixed income*	20.0%	2.37%
Global inflation protected securities*	20.0%	2.33%
High yield	15.0%	4.48%
Real estate	12.0%	5.65%
Private markets	8.0%	7.99%
Real assets	5.0%	6.87%
Master limited partnerships	8.0%	7.36%
Total	120.00%	

Note: Assumptions are geometric. * Levered 2x

NOTE 9—DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS – ***continued***

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.20 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate. Total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 3.24%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 8.0%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to be able to make all future benefit payment of current plan members through 2025. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 3.16% at December 31, 2017 was blended with the long-term rate of 8.0%, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 3.24%. The municipal bond rate was determined using the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Index. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments until 2025. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through 2025, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact, the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.24%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (2.24%) and 1% point higher (4.24%) than the current discount rate.

	1% Decrease (2.24%)	Current Discount Rate of 3.24%	1% Increase (4.24%)
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	$ 12,009,586	$ 9,607,576	$ 7,759,335

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate. Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the health care cost trend rate. The trend rate is the annual rate at which the cost of covered medical services is assumed to increase from the current year to the next year. Beginning in 2017, the per-capita costs are assumed to change by the following percentages each year:

Year	Non-Medicare	Non-AARP	AARP	Rx Drug	Medicare Part B
2017	-0.47%	-2.50%	4.50%	-0.74%	5.20%
2018	7.00%	7.00%	4.50%	7.00%	5.10%
2019	6.50%	6.50%	4.50%	6.50%	5.00%
2020	6.00%	6.00%	4.50%	6.00%	5.00%
2021	5.50%	5.50%	4.50%	5.50%	5.00%
2022	5.00%	5.00%	4.50%	5.00%	5.00%
2023 and later	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	5.00%

NOTE 9—DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS – *continued*

To illustrate the potential impact, the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the current health care cost trend current rates as outlined in the table above, a 1% decrease in the trend rates and a 1% increase in the trend rates.

	1% Decrease	Current Rates	1% Increase
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	$ 7,463,338	$ 9,607,576	$ 12,497,283

Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date. In March 2018, the OP&F Board of Trustees approved the implementation date and framework for a new health care model. Beginning January 1, 2019, the current self-insured health care plan will no longer be offered. In its place will be a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses. The impact to the City's net OPEB liability is not known.

NOTE 10—OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Compensatory Time

City employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. In the case of death or separation from employment, an employee (or their estate) is paid for any unused vacation or compensatory leave. The obligation for accrued unpaid vacation time for the City as a whole amounted to $69,050 at December 31, 2018.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave

City employees earn sick leave at the varying rates. Sick leave is cumulative without limit. In the event of death or separation, an employee is paid for a percentage of their accumulated sick leave up to a maximum. The obligation for accrued unpaid sick leave for the City as a whole amounted $907,955 at December 31, 2018.

NOTE 11—RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Pool Membership

The City belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) – formerly known as the Ohio Risk Management Plan, (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated nonprofit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excessive liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverage to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

NOTE 11—RISK MANAGEMENT – ***continued***

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. OPRM had 764 and 762 members as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and reported the following assets, liabilities and members' equity at December 31, 2017 and 2016 (latest available):

	2017	2016
Assets	$ 14,853,620	$14,765,712
Liabilities	(9,561,108)	(9,531,506)
Members' Equity	$ 5,292,512	$ 5,234,206

You can read the complete audited financial statements for the OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

Health Insurance
During 2018, the City provided employees insurance for medical, dental, and life through Humana Insurance. The premiums for health, dental and accident and life insurance are paid monthly with the City paying one-hundred percent of the cost up to $797 per employee. Anything above this cap amount is split by the City and the employees per union contracts. The risk of loss transfers to the insurance carrier upon payment of the premium by the City.

Workers' Compensation
Workers' compensation claims are covered through the State of Ohio Workers Compensation Retrospective Plan. The City's MCO is Sheakley Unicorp.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 12—LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes during 2018 and balances for governmental activities' long-term liabilities of the City as of December 31, 2018. The long-term obligations at December 31, 2017 have been restated as described in Note 19.

	Restated Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General Obligation Bonds					
2009 Various purpose bonds	$ 1,500,000	$ -	$ (55,000)	$ 1,445,000	$ 60,000
2015 Various purpose and refunding bonds	2,435,000	-	(375,000)	2,060,000	385,000
Add unamortized premiums	126,311	-	(6,772)	119,539	-
OPWC loans					
2006 Jefferson Avenue project	200,785	-	(23,623)	177,162	23,622
2009 Kater Street improvements	355,859	-	(28,469)	327,390	28,469
2011 Carolina Trace improvements	497,284	-	(34,295)	462,989	34,296
2012 Harrison Avenue improvements	138,557	-	(9,237)	129,320	9,237
2014 Whipporwill Drive improvements	45,389	-	(2,751)	42,638	2,751
2014 Lyness Avenue improvements	89,195	-	(5,406)	83,789	5,406
2014 Featherwood Drive improvements	176,846	-	(10,106)	166,740	10,105
2016 Miller, Elm, Sunset improvements	349,699	-	(18,405)	331,294	18,405
2017 New Haven Road rehabilitation	61,532	-	(1,538)	59,994	3,077
2017 Etta St & Sycamore St reconstruction	334,651	-	-	334,651	16,733
2017 Flintstone Dr reconstruction	127,000	118,575	-	245,575	12,279
2018 North Hill St. improvements	-	62,000	-	62,000	-
Other long-term obligations					
Capital leases	1,469,570	-	(270,512)	1,199,058	254,531
Compensated absences	870,627	67,314	(197,849)	740,092	59,958
Net pension liability:					
OPERS	1,735,580	-	(471,021)	1,264,559	-
OP&F	10,143,234	264,014	-	10,407,251	-
Net OPEB liability:					
OPERS	908,366	98,951	-	1,007,317	-
OP&F	7,601,581	2,005,995	-	9,607,576	-
Total governmental activities long-term obligations	$ 29,167,066	$ 2,616,849	$ (1,509,984)	$ 30,273,934	$ 923,869

Series 2009 General Obligation Various Purpose Improvement Bonds

On December 10, 2009, the City issued $1,810,000 in Series 2009 various purpose general obligation bonds. The issue was split to provide financing for the construction of the Harrison Avenue bike trail and the construction of sidewalks. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.25% and are scheduled to mature December 1, 2038.

Series 2015 General Obligation Various Purpose Improvement and Refunding Bonds

On October 15, 2015, the City issued $3,185,000 in Series 2015 general obligation limited tax various purpose improvement and refunding bonds to refinance $1,525,000 in public infrastructure bond anticipation notes, current refund $1,305,000 in Series 2005 general obligation refunding bonds, and finance State Street improvements. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 1.0% to 4.0% and are scheduled to mature December 1, 2034.

OPWC Loans

Improvements to the City's street infrastructure were financed through expenditures by the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC). At December 31, 2018, the City has twelve interest-free loans outstanding through the OPWC payable from governmental activities. The loans are payable in semi-annual installments of principal.

NOTE 12—LONG-TERM LIABILITIES – ***continued***

Compensated Absences, Net Pension Liabilities and Net OPEB Liabilities
Compensated absences, net pension liabilities and net OPEB liabilities for governmental activities will be liquidated by the fund which pays the employee's salary, with the General Fund and Fire Improvement Fund being the most significant funds.

The following is a summary of the City's future annual debt service principal and interest requirements for government-type activities long term-obligations:

	Governmental Activities				
	Various Purpose Series - 2009		Various Purpose and Refunding Series - 2015		OPWC*
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal
2019	$ 60,000	$ 72,650	$ 385,000	$ 61,563	$ 164,380
2020	60,000	70,400	115,000	53,863	164,380
2021	60,000	68,000	115,000	51,563	164,380
2022	65,000	65,600	115,000	49,263	164,379
2023	65,000	63,000	125,000	46,675	164,379
2024-2028	395,000	258,563	510,000	181,375	762,840
2029-2033	400,000	147,001	570,000	91,650	543,459
2034-2038	340,000	55,388	125,000	5,000	233,345
Total	$ 1,445,000	$ 800,602	$ 2,060,000	$ 540,952	$ 2,361,542

** - excludes 2018 OPWC North Hill Street loan, as the project is ongoing and the loan amortization have not been finalized.*

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NOTE 12—LONG-TERM LIABILITIES – *continued*

The following is a summary of changes during 2018 and balances for business-type activities' long-term liabilities of the City as of December 31, 2018. The long-term obligations at December 31, 2017 have been restated as described in Note 19.

	Restated Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities:					
General Obligation Bonds					
2010 Sanitary Sewer Improvements	$ 4,415,000	$ -	$ (170,000)	$ 4,245,000	$ 175,000
Add unamortized premiums	112,890	-	(6,271)	106,619	-
Revenue Bonds					
2012 Revenue Refunding	11,955,000	-	(940,000)	11,015,000	980,000
Add unamortized premiums	165,691	-	(15,300)	150,391	-
OPWC loans					
State Street/Campbell Road sewer	923,083	-	(92,308)	830,775	92,308
Etta, Lellan and Joyce Avenue improvement	241,845	-	(21,030)	220,815	21,030
OWDA loans					
Water treatment plant	315,202	-	(65,867)	249,335	68,185
New Biddinger Rd./Caroline Trace Rd. water mains	1,001,656	-	(93,253)	908,403	95,920
Wellfield/transmission water mains	20,815	-	-	20,815	-
Marvin Rd./Carolina Trace water mains	1,127,176	-	(76,433)	1,050,743	79,241
Elevated water storage tank	1,111,258	-	(75,354)	1,035,904	78,122
Other long-term obligations					
Capital leases	39,503	27,618	(24,493)	42,628	15,412
Compensated absences	272,710	74,189	(109,986)	236,913	9,092
Net pension liability:					
OPERS	1,109,634	-	(314,652)	794,982	-
Net OPEB liability:					
OPERS	580,758	63,264	-	644,022	-
Total business-type activities long-term obligations	$ 23,392,221	$ 165,071	$ (2,004,947)	$ 21,552,345	$ 1,614,310

Series 2010 General Obligation Bonds

On December 9, 2010, the City issued $5,490,000 in general obligation sewer system improvement bonds for the purpose of retiring outstanding notes that were used to finance various improvements to the wastewater system. Serial bonds of $1,600,000 range in interest rates of 2.0% to 3.4% and mature in 2020. Term bonds of $3,890,000 range in interest rates of 3.75% to 5.25% and mature at varying times from 2022 to 2035.

Series 2012 Revenue bonds

On May 4, 2012, the City issued $16,550,000 in wastewater system revenue refunding bonds. The proceeds of the issuance were used to advance refund the outstanding balance of the 2003 wastewater system revenue improvements and refunding bonds. The interest rates on the Series 2012 bonds range from 2% and 4% and will fully mature in 2028.

NOTE 12—LONG-TERM LIABILITIES – ***continued***

The general obligation bonds and mortgage revenue bonds are expected to be retired with revenues of the sewer fund. General obligation bonds are secured by the City's ability to levy a voted or unvoted property tax within the limitations of Ohio law. The City has pledged future sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay $16,550,000 in Series 2012 wastewater system revenue refunding bonds. Principal and interest paid for the current year and net revenue available for debt service were $1,305,581 and $2,200,370, respectively.

OPWC Loans
Improvements to the City's water treatment facilities and State Street/Campbell Road and Etta, Lellan and Joyce Ave. improvements were financed through expenditures by the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC). At December 31, 2018, the City has two interest-free loans outstanding through the OPWC payable from business-type activities. The loans are payable in semi-annual installments of principal. The amounts due to the OPWC are payable solely from sewer and storm water revenues.

OWDA Loans
The City has entered into debt financing arrangements through the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) to fund construction projects. The amounts due to the OWDA are payable solely from water revenues. The loan agreements function similar to a line-of-credit agreement. At December 31, 2018, the City has outstanding borrowings of $3,265,200. The loans are payable in semi-annual payments with interest rates ranging from 2.84% to 3.64%. The future annual debt service principal and interest requirements disclosed were based on the balances outstanding as of December 31, 2018.

Compensated Absences, Net Pension Liabilities and Net OPEB Liabilities
Compensated absences, net pension liabilities and net OPEB liabilities for business-type activities will be paid from the sewer and water enterprise funds.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's outstanding obligations at December 31, 2018 were:

	Business-Type Activities						
	General Obligation Bonds		Revenue Refunding Bonds		OPWC	OWDA	
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Principal	Interest
2019	$ 175,000	$ 205,195	$ 980,000	$ 327,981	$ 113,338	$ 321,468	$ 107,769
2020	180,000	199,595	995,000	308,381	113,338	332,392	96,845
2021	185,000	193,475	1,020,000	285,994	113,339	364,507	109,006
2022	190,000	186,538	1,045,000	260,494	113,338	317,233	73,857
2023	200,000	179,412	1,075,000	231,756	113,338	289,162	63,778
2024-2028	1,140,000	753,375	5,900,000	623,306	474,385	1,414,724	168,417
2029-2033	1,475,000	423,937	-	-	10,514	225,714	6,181
2034-2035	700,000	55,650	-	-	-	-	-
Total	$ 4,245,000	$ 2,197,177	$ 11,015,000	$ 2,037,912	$ 1,051,590	$ 3,265,200	$ 625,853

NOTE 13—SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS

	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Balance 12/31/17	Increase	Decrease	Balance 12/31/18
Governmental Activities:							
Tax anticipation note	10/22/14	10/01/18	2.00%	$ 60,000	$ -	$ (60,000)	$ -
Business-Type Activities:							
Sewer bond anticipation note	10/30/18	10/29/19	3.50%	$ -	$ 2,700,000	$ -	$ 2,700,000

On October 24, 2013, the City retired $310,000 in tax anticipation notes and reissued $305,000 notes in anticipation of taxes from the fire improvement levy that initially provided funding for ambulance, paramedic and emergency medical services. The notes had an interest rate of 2.625%. On October 22, 2014, the City issued $245,000 in tax anticipation notes that provided funding to rollover the October 2013 tax anticipation notes. These notes matured on October 1, 2018.

On October 30, 2018, the City issued $2,700,000 in Sewer bond anticipation notes for various sewer improvements. The notes were issued with $36,909 in premiums and $10,444 in issuance costs. These notes bear an interest rate of 3.50% and mature on October 29, 2019.

NOTE 14—CAPITAL LEASES

The City has entered into several capitalized leases for assets including police vehicles, street sweeper, paramedic vehicles, fire trucks, staff vehicles and various equipment, including one in 2018 for a vehicle. The leases met the criteria of a capital lease as defined by GASB, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. For enterprise funds, fund capital assets acquired by capital lease and the related liability and interest expense have been reported in the water fund.

Capital assets consisting of vehicles and equipment have been capitalized in the statement of net position in the amount of $1,842,981, with a net book value of $705,810, for the governmental activities and $93,615, with a net book value of $71,698, in the business-type activities.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2018.

Year Ending December 31,	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
2019	$ 285,452	$ 16,907
2020	219,131	16,907
2021	180,516	9,705
2022	180,516	1,826
2023	91,236	-
2024-2027	364,945	-
Total	1,321,796	45,345
Less: amount representing interest	(122,738)	(2,717)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	$ 1,199,058	$ 42,628

NOTE 15—FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, assigned and unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and nonmajor governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General Fund	Fire Improvement	Capital Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:					
Prepaids	$ 24,076	$ 28,418	$ -	$ 9,560	$ 62,054
Inventory	-	-	-	9,350	9,350
Advances	20,411	-	-	-	20,411
Total Nonspendable	44,487	28,418	-	18,910	91,815
Restricted for:					
Police operations	-	-	-	5,300	5,300
Fire operations	-	-	-	4,202	4,202
Senior Center operations	-	-	-	7,598	7,598
Recreational activities	-	-	-	576,697	576,697
Street and highway projects	-	-	-	88,464	88,464
Law enforcement and education	-	-	-	19,605	19,605
Infrastructure projects	-	-	-	380,043	380,043
Other purposes	-	-	-	3,766	3,766
Total Restricted	-	-	-	1,085,675	1,085,675
Committed to					
Severances	371,074	-	-	-	371,074
Capital projects	-	-	313,486	-	313,486
Total Committed	371,074	-	313,486	-	684,560
Assigned to:					
Police operations	49,662	-	-	-	49,662
Fire operations	9,286	-	-	-	9,286
Debt service	-	-	-	385,239	385,239
Recreational activities	104,683	-	-	-	104,683
Law enforcement capital	-	-	-	55,310	55,310
Building, planning and zoning	1,376	-	-	-	1,376
General government	1,619	-	-	-	1,619
Budget resource	57,093	-	-	-	57,093
Total Assigned	223,719	-	-	440,549	664,268
Unassigned (Deficit)	499,313	(79,098)	-	(5,568)	414,647
Total Fund Balance	$ 1,138,593	$ (50,680)	$ 313,486	$ 1,539,566	$ 2,940,965

NOTE 15—FUND BALANCES – *continued*

At December 31, 2018, the following deficit fund balances were reported:

Fire Improvement	$ 50,680
Nonmajor Govermental Funds:	
Community Center	5,568

These deficits resulted from the accrued but unpaid liabilities that are not payable from current period revenue and do not exist on a budget basis. The General Fund provides transfers to cover fund deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed. The City also had budgetary basis deficit fund balances due to grants and loans that were in the process of collection.

NOTE 16—COMMITMENTS

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end, the amount of encumbrances outstanding was as follows:

General Fund	$ 69,922
Fire Improvement Fund	89,053
Capital Improvement Fund	19,516
Nomajor Governmental Funds	26,987
	$ 205,478

NOTE 17—CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The City is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the City.

Federal and State Grants

The City received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies or designee. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. The City believes all expenditures meet grant qualifications.

NOTE 18—TAX ABATEMENTS

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, the City is required to disclose certain information on its use of tax abatement incentives. A tax abatement incentive, under this Statement, is an agreement between the City and an individual or entity in which the City promises to forgo tax revenue, while the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the City or the citizens of the City.

Community Reinvestment Area

The Ohio Community Reinvestment Area (CRAO program is an economic development tool available to the City under Ohio Revised Code Sec. 3735 that is used to provide real property tax exemptions for property owners who construct new buildings or renovate existing properties. CRAs are areas of land in which property owners may receive tax incentives for investing in real property improvements. In order to participate in the CRA program, the City petitions the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) for confirmation of a geographic area in which investment has traditionally been discouraged. Once an area is confirmed by the Director of ODSA, communities may offer real property tax exemptions to taxpayers that invest in that area.

The City determines the type of development to support by specifying the eligibility of residential, commercial or industrial projects. The City grants property tax abatements on improvement projects based on the increase in property valuation resulting from the improvements, for up to fifteen years. Participating properties are subject to annual inspections by the Tax Incentive Review Council.

Enterprise Zone Program

The Enterprise Zone Program is an economic development tool administered by the City, pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Sec. 5709 and City Council resolutions, that provides real and personal property tax exemptions to businesses making investments within an enterprise zone. Enterprise zones are designated areas of land in which businesses can receive tax incentives in the form of tax exemptions on eligible new investment. The Enterprise Zone Program can provide tax exemptions for a portion of the value of new real and personal property investment (when that personal property is still taxable) when the investment is made in conjunction with a project that includes job creation. Existing land values and existing building values are generally not eligible.

The City determines approval of projects based upon their contribution to the economic welfare of the community, including job creation or retention. Approved projects receive a 75% tax exemption on new real and personal property investment for up to ten years, with forty-five percent of the total tax exemption benefit paid to the local school district in which the project is located. Participants are monitored for compliance during the incentive period by the Tax Incentive Review Council.

As of December 31, 2018, the City had a participant in each of these programs and abated $47,011 in real and personal property taxes.

NOTE 19—CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES/RESTATEMENT

For 2018, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*, Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*, and related guidance from GASB Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting)*.

GASB Statement No. 85 addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits. These changes were incorporated in the City's 2018 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 75 established standards for measuring and recognizing postemployment benefit liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expenses.

During 2018, the City corrected certain Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan balances in the governmental activities that were initially recorded as grant revenue. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 and correction of OPWC loans had the following effect on net position as reported December 31, 2017:

	Water	Sewer
Net Position at December 31, 2017	$ 10,151,341	$ 3,374,886
Adjustments:		
Net OPEB liability	(268,042)	(312,716)
Deferred outflows - subsequent contributions	2,981	3,478
Restated Net Position at December 31, 2017	$ 9,886,280	$ 3,065,648

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Net Position at December 31, 2017	$ 8,305,532	$ 15,577,580
Adjustments:		
Net OPEB liability	(8,509,947)	(580,758)
Deferred outflows - subsequent contributions	28,050	6,459
OPWC loan corrections	(79,250)	-
Restated Net Position at December 31, 2017	$ (255,615)	$ 15,003,281

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the City made no restatement for deferred outflows or inflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available.

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Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System - Traditional Pension Plan
Last Five Years (1) (2)

	City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	City's Covered Payroll	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2014	0.01149%	$ 1,354,639	$ 1,502,200	90.18%	86.36%
2015	0.01149%	1,385,943	1,408,850	98.37%	86.45%
2016	0.01152%	1,994,671	1,552,425	128.49%	81.08%
2017	0.01253%	2,845,214	1,692,225	168.13%	77.25%
2018	0.01313%	2,059,541	1,343,162	153.34%	84.66%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. The City will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

(2) Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

Notes to Schedule:

Change in assumptions. In 2017, changes in assumptions were made based upon an updated experience study that was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2015. Significant changes included a reduction of the discount rate from 8.0% to 7.5%, a reduction in the wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, and transition from the RP-2000 mortality tables to the RP-2014 mortality tables.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund
Last Five Years (1) (2)

	City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	City's Covered Payroll	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2014	0.155605%	$ 7,578,456	$ 4,078,361	185.82%	73.00%
2015	0.155605%	8,060,993	3,198,414	252.03%	72.20%
2016	0.148139%	9,529,887	3,183,678	299.34%	66.77%
2017	0.160142%	10,143,234	3,624,913	279.82%	68.36%
2018	0.169570%	10,407,251	3,820,692	272.39%	70.91%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. The City will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

(2) Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

Notes to Schedule:

Change in assumptions. In 2018, changes in assumptions were made based upon an updated experience study that was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016. Significant changes included a reduction of the discount rate from 8.25% to 8.0%, a reduction in the wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, and transition from the RP-2000 mortality tables to the RP-2014 mortality tables.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of City Pension Contributions
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System - Traditional Pension Plan
Last Ten Years

	Contractually Required Contributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	City's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2009	$ 172,512	$ (172,512)	$ -	$ 2,091,055	8.25%
2010	175,512	(175,512)	-	1,967,623	8.92%
2011	182,879	(182,879)	-	1,828,790	10.00%
2012	178,537	(178,537)	-	1,785,370	10.00%
2013	195,286	(195,286)	-	1,502,200	13.00%
2014	169,062	(169,062)	-	1,408,850	12.00%
2015	186,291	(186,291)	-	1,552,425	12.00%
2016	203,067	(203,067)	-	1,692,225	12.00%
2017	174,611	(174,611)	-	1,343,162	13.00%
2018	251,794	(251,794)	-	1,798,529	14.00%

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of City Pension Contributions
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund
Last Ten Years

	Contractually Required Contributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	City's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2009	$ 442,825	$ (442,825)	$ -	$ 3,169,828	13.97%
2010	469,877	(469,877)	-	3,370,710	13.94%
2011	474,381	(474,381)	-	3,352,516	14.15%
2012	492,870	(492,870)	-	3,382,773	14.57%
2013	696,584	(696,584)	-	4,078,361	17.08%
2014	651,197	(651,197)	-	3,198,414	20.36%
2015	639,601	(639,601)	-	3,183,678	20.09%
2016	728,245	(728,245)	-	3,624,913	20.09%
2017	767,577	(767,577)	-	3,820,692	20.09%
2018	799,080	(799,080)	-	3,977,501	20.09%

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System
Last Two Years (1) (2)

	City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	City's Covered Payroll	City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2017	0.014743%	$ 1,489,124	$ 1,692,225	88.00%	54.05%
2018	0.015207%	1,651,339	1,343,162	122.94%	54.14%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. The City will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

(2) Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

Notes to Schedule:

Change in assumptions. In 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23% to 3.85%.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund
Last Two Years (1) (2)

	City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	City's Covered Payroll	City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2017	0.160142%	$ 7,601,581	$ 3,624,913	209.70%	15.96%
2018	0.169570%	9,607,576	3,820,692	251.46%	14.13%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. The City will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

(2) Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

Notes to Schedule:

Change in assumptions. In 2018, the single discount rate changed from 3.79% to 3.24%.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of City OPEB Contributions
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System
Last Eight Years (1)

	Contractually Required Contributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	City's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2011	$ 73,152	$ (73,152)	$ -	$ 1,828,790	4%
2012	71,415	(71,415)	-	1,785,370	4%
2013	15,022	(15,022)	-	1,502,200	1%
2014	28,177	(28,177)	-	1,408,850	2%
2015	31,049	(31,049)	-	1,552,425	2%
2016	33,845	(33,845)	-	1,692,225	2%
2017	16,560	(16,560)	-	1,343,162	1%
2018	-	-	-	1,798,529	0%

(1) Information prior to 2011 is not available. The City will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of City OPEB Contributions
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund
Last Eight Years (1)

	Contractually Required Contributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	City's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2011	$ 213,787	$ (213,787)	$ -	$ 3,352,516	6.4%
2012	221,667	(221,667)	-	3,382,773	6.6%
2013	145,541	(145,541)	-	4,078,361	3.6%
2014	15,208	(15,208)	-	3,198,414	0.5%
2015	15,349	(15,349)	-	3,183,678	0.5%
2016	17,244	(17,244)	-	3,624,913	0.5%
2017	17,949	(17,949)	-	3,820,692	0.5%
2018	18,598	(18,598)	-	3,977,501	0.5%

(1) Information prior to 2011 is not available. The City will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

Combining Financial Statements And Individual Fund Schedules

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	From Final Budget
Revenues				
Property and other taxes	$ 1,251,523	$ 1,251,523	1,309,649	$ 58,126
Income taxes	4,352,877	4,352,877	4,034,972	(317,905)
Intergovernmental	447,291	447,291	492,119	44,828
Charges for services	500	500	644	144
Fines, costs and forfeitures	165,000	165,000	152,362	(12,638)
Licenses, permits and inspections	331,350	331,850	322,880	(8,970)
Interest	20,000	20,000	16,544	(3,456)
Contributions	100	100	9,558	9,458
Other	930,352	930,352	893,908	(36,444)
Total revenues	7,498,993	7,499,493	7,232,636	(266,857)
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government				
Planning commission:				
Personal Services	1,800	1,800	1,200	600
Operations/maintenance	700	700	-	700
Total planning commission	2,500	2,500	1,200	1,300
Information technology:				
Operations/maintenance	95,000	95,000	69,946	25,054
Income tax:				
Personal services	587	587	351	236
Contractual services	143,773	143,773	126,999	16,774
Operations/maintenance	2,500	2,500	1,194	1,306
Total income tax	146,860	146,860	128,544	18,316
Jobs creation:				
Operations/maintenance	228,766	228,766	82,213	146,553
Mayor:				
Personal services	39,842	39,842	37,835	2,007
Contractual services	300	300	-	300
Operations/maintenance	300	300	60	240
Capital improvements	1,000	1,000	600	400
Total mayor	41,442	41,442	38,495	2,947
Council:				
Personal services	79,314	79,314	74,123	5,191
Contractual services	51,859	50,388	45,358	5,030
Operations/maintenance	2,025	3,496	1,226	2,270
Total council	$ 133,198	$ 133,198	$ 120,707	$ 12,491

continued

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
General Fund - *continued*
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	From Final Budget
Expenditures (continued)				
Current (continued):				
Economic development:				
Personal services	$ 123,478	$ 121,696	$ 117,699	$ 3,997
Contractual services	67,843	69,625	69,625	-
Operations/maintenance	4,900	4,900	4,469	431
Total economic development	196,221	196,221	191,793	4,428
Finance:				
Personal services	259,014	259,014	246,770	12,244
Contractual services	68,968	68,968	63,362	5,606
Operations/maintenance	11,749	7,749	7,755	(6)
Capital improvements	3,500	3,500	2,861	639
Total finance	343,231	339,231	320,748	18,483
Custodian:				
Operations/maintenance	5,000	5,000	4,358	642
Civil service:				
Personal services	2,400	2,400	2,400	-
Contractual services	5,100	5,100	4,700	400
Operations/maintenance	250	250	70	180
Total civil service	7,750	7,750	7,170	580
Law director:				
Personal services	106,590	106,590	97,990	8,600
Contractual services	30,500	30,500	21,524	8,976
Total law director	137,090	137,090	119,514	17,576
Magistrate:				
Personal services	92,703	92,703	87,536	5,167
Contractual services	8,914	8,914	6,026	2,888
Operations/maintenance	450	450	450	-
Total magistrate	102,067	102,067	94,012	8,055
General government:				
Contractual services	176,012	176,012	154,094	21,918
Total general government	$ 1,615,137	$ 1,611,137	$ 1,332,794	$ 278,343

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
General Fund - *continued*
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	From Final Budget
Expenditures (continued)				
Current (continued):				
Security of persons and property				
Law enforcement:				
Personal services	$ 2,584,114	$ 2,568,757	$ 2,483,607	$ 85,150
Contractual services	218,885	214,736	214,736	-
Operations/maintenance	94,220	128,526	106,542	21,984
Capital improvements	84,399	82,597	75,077	7,520
Total security of persons and property	2,981,618	2,994,616	2,879,962	114,654
Community and economic development				
Building department:				
Personal services	258,586	270,572	261,173	9,399
Contractual services	63,202	56,539	54,063	2,476
Operations/maintenance	3,025	3,594	3,552	42
Capital improvements	200	110	110	-
Total building department	325,013	330,815	318,898	11,917
Zoning department:				
Personal services	3,000	3,000	2,750	250
Contractual services	300	300	194	106
Operations/maintenance	1,900	1,900	434	1,466
Total zoning department	5,200	5,200	3,378	1,822
Total community and economic development	330,213	336,015	322,276	13,739
Leisure time activity				
Parks and recreation:				
Personal services	26,104	24,524	23,336	1,188
Contractual services	35,159	37,942	38,120	(178)
Operations/maintenance	15,029	20,962	20,328	634
Capital improvements	4,000	2,824	-	2,824
Total parks and recreation	80,292	86,252	81,784	4,468
Total leisure time activity	$ 80,292	$ 86,252	$ 81,784	$ 4,468

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
General Fund - *concluded*
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	From Final Budget
Expenditures (continued)				
Debt service	$ 357,080	$ 357,080	$ 357,080	$ -
Total expenditures	5,364,340	5,385,100	4,973,896	411,204
Excess of revenues over expenditures	2,134,653	2,114,393	2,258,740	144,347
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	7,400	7,400
Transfers out	(2,614,713)	(2,614,713)	(2,230,412)	384,301
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,614,713)	(2,614,713)	(2,223,012)	391,701
Net change in fund balance	(480,060)	(500,320)	35,728	$ 536,048
Fund balance, beginning of year	267,202	267,202	267,202	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	113,999	113,999	113,999	
Fund balance, end of year	$ (98,859)	$ (119,119)	$ 416,929	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Capital Improvement Fund - Major Capital Projects Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Property and other taxes	$ 92,700	$ 121,280	$ 28,580
Intergovernmental	61,800	-	(61,800)
Total revenues	154,500	121,280	(33,220)
Expenditures			
Capital outlay	50,858	50,556	302
Debt service	52,968	52,968	-
Total expenditures	103,826	103,524	302
Excess of revenues over expenditures	50,674	17,756	(32,918)
Other financing sources			
OPWC loans issued	123,600	-	(123,600)
Net change in fund balance	174,274	17,756	$ (156,518)
Fund balance, beginning of year	232,334	232,334	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	32,753	32,753	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 439,361	$ 282,843	

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes.

Street Maintenance and Repair
This fund accounts for the portion of state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for the maintenance of the streets within the City.

State Highway Improvements
This fund accounts for the portion of state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for the maintenance of the state highways within the City.

Community Center
This fund accounts for transfers in from the general fund and funds received from Harrison Township to finance the maintenance and operation of the community center.

Fire Capital Reserve
This fund accounts for transfers from the fire department to be used for capital improvement purchases.

Senior Center
This fund accounts for receipts from the Council on Aging of Southwestern Ohio. This fund also accounts for transfers in from the general fund, which finances meals and recreational programs to senior citizens of the Harrison community.

Passport Account
This fund accounts for the funds received from the Council on Aging of Southwestern Ohio.

Court Computer
This fund accounts for the collection of fees to pay the cost of computerized legal research.

Project Lifesaver
This fund accounts for program donations and expenditures for the Project Lifesaver program, utilitizing state of the art technology to locate victims who become lost due to wandering.

Police Pension
This fund accounts for property taxes levied for the payment of the current liability for police disability and pension benefits.

Drug Law Enforcement
To fund accounts for a percentage of receipts from court cases to be used for puchase of equipment, training, and travel in the fight against drugs.

Law Enforcement Trust
This fund accounts for monies received from the Federal Law Enforcement agencies designated for law enforcement purposes under Ohio Revised Code.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
(Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

Enforcement and Education
This fund accounts for grant monies received from DUI arrests to be used for enforcement and education and for DUI housing reimbursements pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 4511.191.

FEMA
This fund accounts for the federal portion of grant monies received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency through the Ohio Emergency Management Agency.

Recreation Tax Receipts
This fund accounts for tax revenues received from developers to be used for parks and recreation.

Indigent Interlock
This fund accounts for interlock court fine settlements from the State of Ohio and Hamilton County.

Fire Memorial
This fund accounts for donations received by the local fire department. These monies may be used at the discretion of the Fire Chief. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, this fund does not meet the definition to be reported as a Special Revenue Fund and has been included with the General Fund in the governmental fund financial statements. Therefore, the City has only presented the budgetary schedule for this fund based upon its legally-adopted budget.

Police Memorial
This fund accounts for donations received by the police department. These monies may be used at the discretion of the Police Chief. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, this fund does not meet the definition to be reported as a Special Revenue Fund and has been included with the General Fund in the governmental fund financial statements. Therefore, the City has only presented the budgetary schedule for this fund based upon its legally-adopted budget.

Recreation Activitiy Receipts
This fund accounts for the charges for services for recreational activities in the City. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, this fund does not meet the definition to be reported as a Special Revenue Fund and has been included with the General Fund in the governmental fund financial statements. Therefore, the City has only presented the budgetary schedule for this fund based upon its legally-adopted budget.

Separation Benefits Fund
This fund receives transfers from other City funds to build reserves for future severance payouts. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, this fund does not meet the definition to be reported as a Special Revenue Fund and has been included with the General Fund in the governmental fund financial statements. Therefore, the City has only presented the budgetary schedule for this fund based upon its legally-adopted budget.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
(Continued)

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interst.

Debt Service
This fund accounts for transfers in from the general fund for the retirement of principal and interest on general obligation debt.

Special Assessment
This fund accounts for various special assessments received by the City.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Home Depot TIF
To account for payments in lieu of taxes received from this TIF District for public improvements.

Harrison Avenue TIF
To account for infrastructure improvements and development of the Harrison Avenue street complex.

CTS TIF
To account for infrastructure improvements and development in and around Cincinnati Test Systems' headquarters.

Street and Safety Construction
This fund accounts for the construction of various street improvements.

Police Capital Improvement
This fund accounts for transfers from the general and police-related funds for police department-related capital activity.

Fire Capital Improvement
This fund accounts for funding from Harrison Township Trustees and the general fund for fire department-related capital activty.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2018

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	$ 672,168	$ 408,467	$ 412,125	$ 1,492,760
Cash in segregated accounts	16,118	-	-	16,118
Receivables:				
Property and other taxes	73,335	-	-	73,335
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	-	566,644	566,644
Intergovernmental	240,778	-	-	240,778
Prepaid items	9,560	-	-	9,560
Materials and supplies inventory	9,350	-	-	9,350
Total assets	$ 1,021,309	$ 408,467	$ 978,769	$ 2,408,545
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	$ 6,859	$ -	$ -	$ 6,859
Accrued salaries	27,903	-	-	27,903
Intergovernmental payable	17,247	-	-	17,247
Advances from other funds	20,411	-	-	20,411
Total liabilities	72,420	-	-	72,420
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property taxes and payment in lieu of taxes	71,194	-	561,149	632,343
Unavailable revenue	158,721	-	5,495	164,216
Total deferred inflows of resources	229,915	-	566,644	796,559
Fund balances				
Nonspendable	18,910	-	-	18,910
Restricted	705,632	23,228	356,815	1,085,675
Assigned	-	385,239	55,310	440,549
Unassigned	(5,568)	-	-	(5,568)
Total fund balances	718,974	408,467	412,125	1,539,566
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	$ 1,021,309	$ 408,467	$ 978,769	$ 2,408,545

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balance
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Property and other taxes	$ 88,509	$ -	$ -	$ 88,509
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	-	597,294	597,294
Intergovernmental	620,359	-	-	620,359
Charges for services	8,676	-	-	8,676
Fines, costs and forfeitures	7,369	-	-	7,369
Contributions	19,638	-	-	19,638
Other	5,082	-	100	5,182
Total revenues	749,633	-	597,394	1,347,027
Expenditures				
Current:				
Security of persons and property	38,280	-	-	38,280
Public health services	250,180	-	-	250,180
Leisure time activity	120,779	-	-	120,779
Transportation	708,316			708,316
General government	-	-	385,282	385,282
Capital outlay	36,794	-	4,690	41,484
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	23,773	-	120,000	143,773
Interest and fiscal charges	1,671	-	118,875	120,546
Total expenditures	1,179,793	-	628,847	1,808,640
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(430,160)	-	(31,453)	(461,613)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	621,390	-	60,000	681,390
Transfers out	(157,400)	-	-	(157,400)
Total other financing sources (uses)	463,990	-	60,000	523,990
Net change in fund balance	33,830	-	28,547	62,377
Fund balance at beginning of year	685,144	408,467	383,578	1,477,189
Fund balance at end of year	$ 718,974	$ 408,467	$ 412,125	$ 1,539,566

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
December 31, 2018

	Street Maintenance and Repair	State Highway Improvements	Community Center	Fire Capital Reserve	Senior Center	Passport Account
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	$ 21,771	$ 38,997	$ 296	$ 4,202	$ 954	$ 580
Cash in segregated accounts	-	-	-	-	16,118	-
Receivables:						
Property and other taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	217,737	17,142	-	-	1,681	-
Prepaid items	6,747	-	-	-	2,813	-
Materials and supplies inventory	9,350	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	$ 255,605	$ 56,139	$ 296	$ 4,202	$ 21,566	$ 580
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	$ 2,704	$ 2,916	$ 34	$ -	$ 1,205	$ -
Accrued salaries	17,085	-	3,995	-	6,823	-
Intergovernmental payable	11,705	-	1,835	-	3,707	-
Advances from other funds	-	20,411	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	31,494	23,327	5,864	-	11,735	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Property taxes and payment in lieu of taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unavailable revenue	140,934	11,428	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	140,934	11,428	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	16,097	-	-	-	2,813	-
Restricted	67,080	21,384	-	4,202	7,018	580
Unassigned	-	-	(5,568)	-	-	-
Total fund balances (deficit)	83,177	21,384	(5,568)	4,202	9,831	580
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	$ 255,605	$ 56,139	$ 296	$ 4,202	$ 21,566	$ 580

Court Computer	Project Lifesaver	Police Pension	Drug Law Enforcement	Law Enforcement Trust	Enforcement and Education	FEMA	Recreation Tax Receipts	Indigent Interlock	TOTAL
$ 8,218	$ 1,748	$ 3,552	$ 1,667	$ 5,534	$ 2,786	$ 3,766	$ 576,697	$ 1,400	$ 672,168
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,118
-	-	73,335	-	-	-	-	-	-	73,335
-	-	4,218	-	-	-	-	-	-	240,778
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,560
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,350
$ 8,218	$ 1,748	$ 81,105	$ 1,667	$ 5,534	$ 2,786	$ 3,766	$ 576,697	$ 1,400	$ 1,021,309
$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 6,859
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,903
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,247
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,411
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,420
-	-	71,194	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,194
-	-	6,359	-	-	-	-	-	-	158,721
-	-	77,553	-	-	-	-	-	-	229,915
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,910
8,218	1,748	3,552	1,667	5,534	2,786	3,766	576,697	1,400	705,632
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,568)
8,218	1,748	3,552	1,667	5,534	2,786	3,766	576,697	1,400	718,974
$ 8,218	$ 1,748	$ 81,105	$ 1,667	$ 5,534	$ 2,786	$ 3,766	$ 576,697	$ 1,400	$ 1,021,309

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Street Maintenance and Repair	State Highway Improvements	Community Center	Fire Capital Reserve	Senior Center	Passport Account
Revenues						
Property and other taxes	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Intergovernmental	473,000	34,702	17,368	-	87,106	-
Charges for services	8,676	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, costs and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions	-	-	90	-	18,521	-
Other	1,589	62	431	-	3,000	-
Total revenues	483,265	34,764	17,889	-	108,627	-
Expenditures						
Current:						
Security of persons and property	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public health services	-	-	-	-	250,180	-
Leisure time activity	-	-	120,779	-	-	-
Transportation	666,035	42,281	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	33,436	-	-	-	2,533	825
Debt service						
Principal retirement	23,773	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	1,671	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	724,915	42,281	120,779	-	252,713	825
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(241,650)	(7,517)	(102,890)	-	(144,086)	(825)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	285,815	-	147,749	-	187,826	-
Transfers out	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	235,815	-	97,749	-	137,826	-
Net change in fund balance	(5,835)	(7,517)	(5,141)	-	(6,260)	(825)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	89,012	28,901	(427)	4,202	16,091	1,405
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	$ 83,177	$ 21,384	$ (5,568)	$ 4,202	$ 9,831	$ 580

Court Computer	Project Lifesaver	Police Pension	Drug Law Enforcement	Law Enforcement Trust	Enforcement and Education	FEMA	Recreation Tax Receipts	Indigent Interlock	TOTAL
$ -	$ -	$ 69,909	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 18,600	$ -	$ 88,509
-	-	8,183	-	-	-	-	-	-	620,359
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,676
4,145	-	-	2,824	375	25	-	-	-	7,369
-	1,027	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,638
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,082
4,145	1,027	78,092	2,824	375	25	-	18,600	-	749,633
-	1,261	35,679	1,180	160	-	-	-	-	38,280
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	250,180
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120,779
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	708,316
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,794
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,773
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,671
-	1,261	35,679	1,180	160	-	-	-	-	1,179,793
4,145	(234)	42,413	1,644	215	25	-	18,600	-	(430,160)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	621,390
-	-	-	(7,400)	-	-	-	-	-	(157,400)
-	-	-	(7,400)	-	-	-	-	-	463,990
4,145	(234)	42,413	(5,756)	215	25	-	18,600	-	33,830
4,073	1,982	(38,861)	7,423	5,319	2,761	3,766	558,097	1,400	685,144
$ 8,218	$ 1,748	$ 3,552	$ 1,667	$ 5,534	$ 2,786	$ 3,766	$ 576,697	$ 1,400	$ 718,974

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
December 31, 2018

	Debt Service	Special Assessment	TOTAL
Assets			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	$ 385,239	$ 23,228	$ 408,467
Fund Balances			
Restricted	$ -	$ 23,228	$ 23,228
Assigned	385,239	-	385,239
Total fund balances	$ 385,239	$ 23,228	$ 408,467

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Debt Service	Special Assessment	TOTAL
Fund balance at beginning of year	$ 385,239	$ 23,228	$ 408,467
Fund balance at end of year	$ 385,239	$ 23,228	$ 408,467

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
December 31, 2018

	Home Depot TIF	Harrison Avenue TIF	CTS TIF	Street and Safety Construction	Police Capital Improvement	Fire Capital Improvement	TOTAL
Assets							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	$ 144,661	$ 108,032	$ 101,135	$ 2,987	$ 15,310	$ 40,000	$ 412,125
Receivables:							
Payment in lieu of taxes	227,031	301,001	38,612	-	-	-	566,644
Total assets	$ 371,692	$ 409,033	$ 139,747	$ 2,987	$ 15,310	$ 40,000	$ 978,769
Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances							
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Property taxes and payment in lieu of taxes	$ 227,031	$ 295,506	$ 38,612	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 561,149
Unavailable revenue	-	5,495	-	-	-	-	5,495
Total deferred inflows of resources	227,031	301,001	38,612	-	-	-	566,644
Fund Balances							
Restricted	144,661	108,032	101,135	2,987	-	-	356,815
Assigned	-	-	-	-	15,310	40,000	55,310
Total fund balances	144,661	108,032	101,135	2,987	15,310	40,000	412,125
Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	$ 371,692	$ 409,033	$ 139,747	$ 2,987	$ 15,310	$ 40,000	$ 978,769

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Home Depot TIF	Harrison Avenue TIF	CTS TIF	Street and Safety Construction	Police Capital Improvement	Fire Capital Improvement	TOTAL
Revenues							
Payments in lieu of taxes	$ 234,608	$ 318,932	$ 43,754	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 597,294
Other	-	-	-	100	-	-	100
Total revenues	234,608	318,932	43,754	100	-	-	597,394
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	133,413	232,486	19,383	-	-	-	385,282
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	4,690	-	4,690
Debt service							
Principal retirement	65,000	55,000	-	-	-	-	120,000
Interest and fiscal charges	44,300	74,575	-	-	-	-	118,875
Total expenditures	242,713	362,061	19,383	-	4,690	-	628,847
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,105)	(43,129)	24,371	100	(4,690)	-	(31,453)
Other financing sources							
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	20,000	40,000	60,000
Net change in fund balance	(8,105)	(43,129)	24,371	100	15,310	40,000	28,547
Fund balance at beginning of year	152,766	151,161	76,764	2,887	-	-	383,578
Fund balance at end of year	$ 144,661	$ 108,032	$ 101,135	$ 2,987	$ 15,310	$ 40,000	$ 412,125

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Street Maintenance and Repair - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	$ 468,308	$ 468,861	$ 553
Charges for services	10,530	10,542	12
Other	5,412	13,093	7,681
Total revenues	484,250	492,496	8,246
Expenditures			
Current:			
Transportation			
Personal services	610,686	604,081	6,605
Contractual services	78,793	78,793	-
Operations/maintenance	60,110	58,089	2,021
Capital improvements	44,886	33,436	11,450
Total expenditures	794,475	774,399	20,076
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(310,225)	(281,903)	28,322
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	381,161	285,815	(95,346)
Transfers out	(50,000)	(50,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	331,161	235,815	(95,346)
Net change in fund balance	20,936	(46,088)	$ (67,024)
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	60,561	60,561	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 81,497	$ 14,473	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
State Highway Improvements - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	$ 32,500	$ 32,468	$ (32)
Other	-	62	62
Total revenues	32,500	32,530	30
Expenditures			
Current:			
Transportation			
Operations/maintenance	80,330	43,118	37,212
Net change in fund balance	(47,830)	(10,588)	$ 37,242
Fund balance, beginning of year	20,767	20,767	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	25,330	25,330	
Fund balance, end of year	$ (1,733)	$ 35,509	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Community Center - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	$ 35,000	$ 17,368	$ (17,632)
Contributions	-	90	90
Other	243	431	188
Total revenues	35,243	17,889	(17,354)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Leisure time activity			
Personal services	68,754	53,226	15,528
Contractual services	68,817	60,651	8,166
Operations/maintenance	4,551	4,466	85
Capital improvements	1,030	-	1,030
Total expenditures	143,152	118,343	24,809
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(107,909)	(100,454)	7,455
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	140,380	147,749	(7,369)
Transfers out	(50,000)	(50,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	90,380	97,749	(7,369)
Net change in fund balance	(17,529)	(2,705)	$ 86
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	2,705	2,705	
Fund balance, end of year	$ (14,824)	$ -	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Fire Capital Reserve - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Fund balance, beginning of year	$ 4,202	$ 4,202	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 4,202	$ 4,202	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Senior Center - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	$ 161,000	$ 87,298	$ (73,702)
Contributions	23,000	18,805	(4,195)
Other	-	5,454	5,454
Total revenues	184,000	111,557	(72,443)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Public health services			
Personal services	201,552	178,767	22,785
Contractual services	77,172	67,968	9,204
Operations/maintenance	5,961	3,905	2,056
Capital improvements	2,635	2,635	-
Total expenditures	287,320	253,275	34,045
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(103,320)	(141,718)	(38,398)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	143,581	187,826	44,245
Transfers out	(50,000)	(50,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	93,581	137,826	44,245
Net change in fund balance	(9,739)	(3,892)	$ 5,847
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	3,892	3,892	
Fund balance, end of year	$ (5,847)	$ -	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Passport Account - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Charges for services	$ 6,180	$ -	$ (6,180)
Total revenues	6,180	-	(6,180)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Public health services			
Operations/maintenance	3,000	-	3,000
Capital improvements	3,000	825	2,175
Total expenditures	6,000	825	5,175
Net change in fund balance	180	(825)	$ (1,005)
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,405	1,405	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 1,585	$ 580	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Court Computer - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Fines, costs and forfeitures	$ 1,236	$ 4,145	$ 2,909
Total revenues	1,236	4,145	2,909
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government			
Operations/maintenance	1,200	-	1,200
Total expenditures	1,200	-	1,200
Net change in fund balance	36	4,145	$ 4,109
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,073	4,073	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 4,109	$ 8,218	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Project Lifesaver - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Contributions	$ 515	$ 1,027	$ 512
Total revenues	515	1,027	512
Expenditures			
Current:			
Security of persons and property			
Operations/maintenance	2,515	1,261	1,254
Total expenditures	2,515	1,261	1,254
Net change in fund balance	(2,000)	(234)	$ 1,766
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,982	1,982	
Fund balance, end of year	$ (18)	$ 1,748	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Police Pension - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Property and other taxes	$ 64,048	$ 69,909	$ 5,861
Intergovernmental	7,181	8,183	1,002
Total revenues	71,229	78,092	6,863
Expenditures			
Current:			
Security of persons and property			
Personal services	73,684	73,684	-
Operations/maintenance	856	856	-
Total expenditures	74,540	74,540	-
Net change in fund balance	(3,311)	3,552	$ 6,863
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	-	
Fund balance, end of year	$ (3,311)	$ 3,552	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Drug Law Enforcement - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Fines, costs and forfeitures	$ 5,000	$ 2,824	$ (2,176)
Total revenues	5,000	2,824	(2,176)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Security of persons and property			
Operations/maintenance	1,200	1,180	20
Total expenditures	1,200	1,180	20
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,800	1,644	(2,156)
Other financing uses			
Transfers out	(7,400)	(7,400)	-
Net change in fund balance	(3,600)	(5,756)	$ (2,156)
Fund balance, beginning of year	7,423	7,423	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 3,823	$ 1,667	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Law Enforcement Trust - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Fines, costs and forfeitures	$ 500	$ 375	$ (125)
Total revenues	500	375	(125)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Security of persons and property			
Operations/maintenance	500	160	340
Total expenditures	500	160	340
Net change in fund balance	-	215	$ 215
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,319	5,319	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 5,319	$ 5,534	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Enforcement and Education - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Fines, costs and forfeitures	$ 250	$ 25	$ (225)
Total revenues	250	25	(225)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Security of persons and property			
Operations/maintenance	100	-	100
Total expenditures	100	-	100
Net change in fund balance	150	25	$ (125)
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,761	2,761	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 2,911	$ 2,786	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
FEMA - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Fund balance, beginning of year	$ 3,766	$ 3,766	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 3,766	$ 3,766	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Recreation Tax Receipts - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Property and other taxes	$ 40,000	$ 18,600	$ (21,400)
Total revenues	40,000	18,600	(21,400)
Net change in fund balance	40,000	18,600	$ (21,400)
Fund balance, beginning of year	558,097	558,097	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 598,097	$ 576,697	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Indigent Interlock Fund - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Fund balance, beginning of year	$ 1,400	$ 1,400	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 1,400	$ 1,400	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Fire Memorial Fund (1)
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Contributions	$ 1,030	$ 4,804	$ 3,774
Total revenues	1,030	4,804	3,774
Expenditures			
Current:			
Security of persons and property			
Operations/maintenance	15,000	11,683	3,317
Total expenditures	15,000	11,683	3,317
Net change in fund balance	(13,970)	(6,879)	$ 7,091
Fund balance, beginning of year	7,728	7,728	
Fund balance, end of year	$ (6,242)	$ 849	

(1) For GAAP reporting, this fund is combined with the General Fund.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Police Memorial Fund (1)
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Fund balance, beginning of year	$ 2,113	$ 2,113	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 2,113	$ 2,113	

(1) For GAAP reporting, this fund is combined with the General Fund.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Recreation Activity Receipts Fund (1)
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Contributions	$ -	$ 4,500	$ 4,500
Other	10,000	6,734	(3,266)
Total revenues	10,000	11,234	1,234
Expenditures			
Current:			
Leisure time activities			
Operations/maintenance	8,000	-	8,000
Capital improvements	34,000	6,886	27,114
Total expenditures	42,000	6,886	35,114
Net change in fund balance	(32,000)	4,348	$ 36,348
Fund balance, beginning of year	88,585	88,585	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 56,585	$ 92,933	

(1) For GAAP reporting, this fund is combined with the General Fund.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Separation Benefits Fund (1)
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government			
Personal services	$ 483,685	$ 182,611	$ 301,074
Total expenditures	483,685	182,611	301,074
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(483,685)	(182,611)	301,074
Other financing sources			
Transfers in	553,685	553,685	-
Net change in fund balance	70,000	371,074	$ 301,074
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	-	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 70,000	$ 371,074	

(1) For GAAP reporting, this fund is combined with the General Fund.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Debt Service Fund - Nonmajor Debt Service Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Fund balance, beginning of year	$ 385,239	$ 385,239	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 385,239	$ 385,239	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Special Assessment - Nonmajor Debt Service Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Fund balance, beginning of year	$ 23,228	$ 23,228	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 23,228	$ 23,228	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Home Depot TIF - Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Payments in lieu of taxes	$ 215,000	$ 234,608	$ 19,608
Total revenues	215,000	234,608	19,608
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government:			
Contractual services	245,875	133,413	112,462
Debt Service	109,300	109,300	-
Total expenditures	355,175	242,713	112,462
Net change in fund balance	(140,175)	(8,105)	$ 132,070
Fund balance, beginning of year	152,766	152,766	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 12,591	$ 144,661	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Harrison Avenue TIF - Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Payments in lieu of taxes	$ 280,000	$ 318,932	$ 38,932
Total revenues	280,000	318,932	38,932
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government:			
Contractual services	221,254	221,254	-
Capital improvement	11,232	11,232	-
Total general government	232,486	232,486	-
Debt Service	129,575	129,575	-
Total expenditures	362,061	362,061	-
Net change in fund balance	(82,061)	(43,129)	$ 38,932
Fund balance, beginning of year	151,161	151,161	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 69,100	$ 108,032	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
CTS TIF Fund - Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Payments in lieu of taxes	$ 65,000	$ 43,754	$ (21,246)
Total revenues	65,000	43,754	(21,246)
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government			
Contractual services	24,860	19,383	5,477
Total expenditures	24,860	19,383	5,477
Net change in fund balance	40,140	24,371	$ (15,769)
Fund balance, beginning of year	76,764	76,764	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 116,904	$ 101,135	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Street and Safety Construction - Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Revenues			
Other	$ -	$ 100	$ 100
Total revenues	-	100	100
Net change in fund balance	-	100	$ -
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,887	2,887	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 2,887	$ 2,987	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Police Capital Improvement - Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Expenditures			
Capital outlay	$ 4,690	$ 4,690	$ -
Total expenditures	4,690	4,690	-
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(4,690)	(4,690)	-
Other financing sources			
Transfers in	20,000	20,000	-
Net change in fund balance	15,310	15,310	$ -
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	-	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 15,310	$ 15,310	

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis
Fire Capital Improvement - Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance From Final Budget
Other financing sources			
Transfers in	$ 40,000	$ 40,000	$ -
Net change in fund balance	40,000	40,000	$ -
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	-	
Fund balance, end of year	$ 40,000	$ 40,000	

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

To account for goods and services financed or recovered primarily through external user charges and fees.

Storm Water
This fund accounts for the storm water services provided to the residential and commercial user of the City.

Water/Wastewater Deposits
This fund accounts for deposits from utility services which the City applies and/or refunds upon termination of service.

Sanitation
This fund accounts for the sanitation services provided to the residential and commercial users of the City.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Combining Statement of Fund Net Position
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
December 31, 2018

	Storm Water	Water/Wastewater Deposits	Sanitation	TOTAL
Assets				
Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	$ 126,065	$ 99,439	$ 167,737	$ 393,241
Receivables:				
Accounts	20,888	-	90,834	111,722
Total current assets	146,953	99,439	258,571	504,963
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,734,960	-	-	1,734,960
Total assets	1,881,913	99,439	258,571	2,239,923
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Advances from other funds	17,178	-	-	17,178
OPWC loan payable, current portion of	21,030	-	-	21,030
Total current liabilities	38,208	-	-	38,208
Long-term liabilities:				
OPWC loan payable, net of current portion	199,785	-	-	199,785
Total liabilities	237,993	-	-	237,993
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	1,514,145	-	-	1,514,145
Unrestricted	129,775	99,439	258,571	487,785
Total net position	$ 1,643,920	$ 99,439	$ 258,571	$ 2,001,930

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses
and Changes in Net Position
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Storm Water	Water/Wastewater Deposits	Sanitation	Total
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	$ 111,570	$ 10,088	$ 505,344	$ 627,002
Operating expenses				
Contractual services	8,665	-	575,214	583,879
Other	-	17,464	-	17,464
Depreciation	46,613	-	-	46,613
Total operating expenses	55,278	17,464	575,214	647,956
Operating income (loss)	56,292	(7,376)	(69,870)	(20,954)
Transfers out	(28,469)	-	-	(28,469)
Change in net position	27,823	(7,376)	(69,870)	(49,423)
Net position, beginning of year	1,616,097	106,815	328,441	2,051,353
Net position, end of year	$ 1,643,920	$ 99,439	$ 258,571	$ 2,001,930

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Storm Water	Water/Wastewater Deposits	Sanitation	Total
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from customers	$ 111,706	$ 10,088	$ 505,991	$ 627,785
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(8,665)	-	(575,214)	(583,879)
Cash payments for other operating expenses	-	(17,464)	-	(17,464)
Net cash from operating activities	103,041	(7,376)	(69,223)	26,442
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Transfers	(28,469)	-	-	(28,469)
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	(28,469)	-	-	(28,469)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Principal retirement	(21,030)	-	-	(21,030)
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	(21,030)	-	-	(21,030)
Net change	53,542	(7,376)	(69,223)	(23,057)
Cash and pooled investments beginning of year	72,523	106,815	236,960	416,298
Cash and pooled investments end of year	$ 126,065	$ 99,439	$ 167,737	$ 393,241
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	$ 56,292	$ (7,376)	$ (69,870)	$ (20,954)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from by operating activities:				
Depreciation	46,613	-	-	46,613
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Receivables	136	-	647	783
Net cash from operating activities	$ 103,041	$ (7,376)	$ (69,223)	$ 26,442

COMBINING STATEMENTS – FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equals liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Mayor's Court
This fund accounts for assets received and disbursed by the Mayor's Court as agent or custodian related to various court matters.

Joint Economic Development District
To account for all tax monies and disbursements of funds held by the City on behalf of the City of Harrison-Harrsion Township Joint Economic Development District.

Benefit Clearing
This fund accounts for employee pension and flexible spending account contributions.

Hamilton County Revolving Loan
This fund accounts for revolving loan funds with local businesses administered by Hamilton County.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities
Agency Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Mayor's Court				
Assets:				
Cash in segregated accounts	$ 9,317	$ 217,488	$ 213,428	$ 13,377
Liabilities:				
Intergovernmental payable	9,317	217,488	213,428	13,377
Joint Economic Development District				
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	161,108	284,282	264,394	180,996
Income taxes receivable	49,330	70,632	49,330	70,632
Total assets	210,438	354,914	313,724	251,628
Liabilities:				
Intergovernmental payable	210,438	354,914	313,724	251,628
Benefit Clearing				
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	108,038	237,785	158,346	187,477
Liabilities:				
Intergovernmental payable	108,038	237,785	158,346	187,477
Hamilton County Revolving Loan				
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	-	40,000	20,000	20,000
Liabilities:				
Intergovernmental payable	-	40,000	20,000	20,000
TOTAL				
Assets:				
Cash in segregated accounts	9,317	217,488	213,428	13,377
Equity in pooled cash and investments	269,146	562,067	442,740	388,473
Income taxes receivable	49,330	70,632	49,330	70,632
Total assets	327,793	850,187	705,498	472,482
Liabilities:				
Intergovernmental payable	327,793	850,187	705,498	472,482
Total liabilities	$ 327,793	$ 850,187	$ 705,498	$ 472,482

STATISTICAL

SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's most significant local revenue source, income and property taxes.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt as well as the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the City's operation and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services proved and activities performed.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
LAST TEN YEARS
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2018	2017 (4)	2016 (3)	2015	2014 (2)	2013 (1)	2012	2011	2010	2009
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	$ 14,769,743	$ 13,707,662	$ 12,723,298	$ 11,689,801	$ 12,002,240	$ 11,201,136	$ 10,827,649	$ 9,273,676	$ 8,613,002	$ 8,700,582
Restricted:										
Capital Projects	362,310	394,553	357,449	200,229	1,472,849	1,243,568	70,399	320,110	463,089	246,153
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	349,409	381,877
Streets and Highways	166,601	167,661	97,137	166,982	163,568	193,356	302,855	434,498	618,134	807,072
Recreation	504,161	490,985	462,672	597,201	493,991	496,461	490,505	529,826	441,070	293,901
Other Purposes	-	-	-	9,807	-	288,152	172,248	172,805	253,799	579,115
Unrestricted (deficit)	(16,338,088)	(15,016,476)	(6,170,472)	(6,207,718)	(7,525,513)	(646,855)	434,520	528,906	898,341	899,413
Total Governmental Activities Net Positon	(535,273)	(255,615)	7,470,084	6,456,302	6,607,135	12,775,818	12,298,176	11,259,821	11,636,844	11,908,113
Business Type - Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	12,114,803	11,064,695	10,295,577	9,358,590	8,685,415	8,321,936	8,636,600	8,547,117	6,955,754	8,017,742
Restricted	1,555,644	1,718,199	1,649,657	1,537,083	1,525,963	1,885,810	2,131,205	2,183,434	2,183,465	2,148,863
Unrestricted	1,910,912	2,220,387	2,267,114	990,362	835,761	1,276,607	1,637,109	2,028,991	3,748,975	2,638,922
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	15,581,359	15,003,281	14,212,348	11,886,035	11,047,139	11,484,353	12,404,914	12,759,542	12,888,194	12,805,527
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	26,884,546	24,772,357	23,018,875	21,048,391	20,687,655	19,523,072	19,464,249	17,820,793	15,568,756	16,718,324
Restricted	2,588,716	2,771,398	2,566,915	2,511,302	3,656,371	4,107,347	3,167,212	3,640,673	4,308,966	4,456,981
Unrestricted	(14,427,176)	(12,796,089)	(3,903,358)	(5,217,356)	(6,689,752)	629,752	2,071,629	2,557,897	4,647,316	3,538,335
Total Primary Government Net Positon	$ 15,046,086	$ 14,747,666	$ 21,682,432	$ 18,342,337	$ 17,654,274	$ 24,260,171	$ 24,703,090	$ 24,019,363	$ 24,525,038	$ 24,713,640

(1) 2013 was the first year the City implemented GASB 65; the City elected to apply the standard prospectively.
(2) The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015, restating 2014. Information to restate years prior was not available.
(3) The City restated 2016 amounts to correct receivable errors. Informaiotn to restate years prior was not available.
(4) The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018, restating 2017. Information to restate years prior was not available.
Additionally, certain OPWC loan balances were restated in 2017, revising governmental activities net investment in capital assets.

Source: City financial records

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

CHANGES IN NET POSITION
LAST TEN YEARS
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Security of Persons and Property:	$ 886,151	$ 866,791	$ 831,548	$ 819,207	$ 759,496	$ 868,095	$ 870,269	$ 745,046	$ 893,571	$ 698,301
Public Health Services	18,611	18,586	26,504	30,438	27,548	36,320	46,240	49,732	25,858	35,097
Leisure Time Activities	24,102	36,448	29,674	47,531	37,754	53,471	58,076	73,529	71,358	72,138
Community and Economic Development	214,039	261,823	227,967	153,303	152,164	133,226	104,960	117,564	47,195	152,332
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	375
General Government	261,650	289,311	196,959	315,839	297,033	290,841	369,377	369,018	369,018	97,079
Operating Grants and Contributions	663,984	734,756	612,461	675,874	677,047	692,625	706,475	680,347	877,907	896,275
Capital Grants and Contributions	733,000	777,693	873,225	-	439,529	339,905	1,313,600	489,106	-	265,063
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	2,801,537	2,985,408	2,798,338	2,042,192	2,390,571	2,414,483	3,468,997	2,524,342	2,284,907	2,216,660
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Water	1,708,202	1,760,544	1,759,563	1,742,204	1,568,955	1,509,511	1,415,656	1,350,769	1,288,614	1,224,384
Sewer	3,742,824	3,816,548	3,689,508	3,600,031	3,284,457	3,165,519	3,207,159	3,045,977	2,833,348	2,433,320
Storm Water	111,570	118,078	116,566	114,769	110,857	112,006	111,424	118,253	105,247	179,977
Water/Wastewater Deposits	10,088	6,618	10,611	8,960	11,855	9,745	7,126	5,622	5,578	8,916
Sanitation	505,344	527,012	517,853	491,289	459,286	462,736	453,360	444,775	424,907	377,239
Operating Grants and Contributions	22,838	16,810	18,026	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,047
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	-	647,243	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	6,100,866	6,245,610	6,759,370	5,957,253	5,435,410	5,259,517	5,194,725	4,965,396	4,657,694	4,231,883
Total Primary Government	$ 8,902,403	$ 9,231,018	$ 9,557,708	$ 7,999,445	$ 7,825,981	$ 7,674,000	$ 8,663,722	$ 7,489,738	$ 6,942,601	$ 6,448,543
Expenses:										
Governmental Activities:										
Security of Persons and Property	$ 8,541,514	$ 7,383,171	$ 7,289,673	$ 6,040,121	$ 5,890,076	$ 6,085,651	$ 6,261,278	$ 6,436,476	$ 5,841,459	$ 6,743,223
Public Health Services	269,458	243,534	246,232	255,739	234,620	250,573	316,702	314,128	339,855	400,154
Leisure Time Activities	264,355	275,475	247,303	201,812	205,074	216,324	266,164	303,402	315,334	369,208
Community and Economic Development	362,732	412,099	277,245	49,317	43,944	33,721	104,288	127,997	138,115	150,035
Transportation	1,101,545	1,220,645	974,689	962,654	834,448	807,923	919,283	914,534	971,886	889,189
General Government	1,076,734	1,440,972	915,237	1,123,721	827,579	793,184	1,138,495	1,291,876	1,299,480	1,526,678
Interest and Fiscal Charges	175,623	174,599	199,135	310,976	221,787	248,331	242,803	244,701	295,479	230,125
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	11,791,961	11,150,495	10,149,514	8,944,340	8,257,528	8,435,707	9,249,013	9,633,114	9,201,608	10,308,612
Business-Type Activities:										
Water	1,915,189	1,739,329	1,748,889	1,708,274	1,737,239	1,951,365	1,601,191	1,564,893	1,387,114	1,826,364
Sewer	2,979,701	2,482,954	2,642,534	3,127,036	3,371,585	3,193,149	3,462,848	3,076,759	2,653,586	2,931,737
Storm Water	55,278	131,944	49,412	46,513	46,914	46,813	46,613	114,987	129,183	50,123
Water/Wastewater Deposits	17,464	2,892	4,807	4,106	3,667	1,166	2,500	2,240	3,098	1,824
Sanitation	575,214	481,537	483,135	489,462	464,521	499,475	414,627	446,402	423,451	434,487
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	5,542,846	4,838,656	4,928,777	5,375,391	5,623,926	5,691,968	5,527,779	5,205,281	4,596,432	5,244,535
Total Primary Government	$ 17,334,807	$ 15,989,151	$ 15,078,291	$ 14,319,731	$ 13,881,454	$ 14,127,675	$ 14,776,792	$ 14,838,395	$ 13,798,040	$ 15,553,147
Net (Expense) Revenue:										
Governmental Activities	$ (8,990,424)	$ (8,165,087)	$ (7,351,176)	$ (6,902,148)	$ (5,866,957)	$ (6,021,224)	$ (5,780,016)	$ (7,108,772)	$ (6,916,701)	$ (8,091,952)
Business-Type Activities	558,020	1,406,954	1,830,593	581,862	(188,516)	(432,451)	(333,054)	(239,885)	61,262	(1,012,652)
Total Primary Government Net Expense	$ (8,432,404)	$ (6,758,133)	$ (5,520,583)	$ (6,320,286)	$ (6,055,473)	$ (6,453,675)	$ (6,113,070)	$ (7,348,657)	$ (6,855,439)	$ (9,104,604)

continued

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)
LAST TEN YEARS
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities										
Taxes:										
Property Taxes Levied For:										
General Purposes	$ 1,316,151	$ 1,437,545	$ 1,167,283	$ 1,115,096	$ 1,102,619	$ 1,074,061	$ 1,133,971	$ 1,177,650	$ 1,114,994	$ 1,257,994
Fire Improvements	1,954,284	1,509,284	1,860,716	1,199,571	1,165,037	1,130,567	1,141,133	1,174,922	1,151,918	739,772
Police Pension	70,192	62,616	63,551	60,017	58,693	57,150	57,978	62,067	58,466	54,489
Recreation	18,600	34,040	30,763	40,683	28,100	19,200	19,600	6,541	18,318	14,800
Capital Projects	108,263	113,042	106,419	95,691	97,283	70,016	92,683	60,951	62,672	255,008
Municipal Income Taxes levied for:										
General Purposes	3,790,538	4,607,002	3,911,371	3,361,317	3,967,772	3,138,686	3,212,378	2,956,342	2,927,295	2,860,771
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	591,814	555,166	552,565	524,329	454,961	462,470	453,214	436,412	259,559	-
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to										
Specific Programs	548,653	518,899	552,432	486,881	483,551	498,626	479,451	719,408	903,534	1,013,554
Investment Earnings	16,544	23,092	13,572	16,145	16,071	21,841	28,313	34,474	56,698	67,215
Miscellaneous	137,183	81,197	46,742	93,647	92,860	76,036	171,181	74,513	99,419	151,696
Transfers	158,544	58,652	59,544	(242,062)	28,468	28,469	28,469	28,469	-	-
Total Governmental Activities	8,710,766	9,000,535	8,364,958	6,751,315	7,495,415	6,577,122	6,818,371	6,731,749	6,652,873	6,415,299
Business-Type Activities:										
Investment Earnings	128,214	11,469	1,680	545	611	820	948	1,882	2,233	13,472
Miscellaneous	50,388	5,461	5,709	14,427	1,812	2,209	5,947	137,820	19,172	125,410
Transfers	(158,544)	(58,652)	(59,544)	242,062	(28,468)	(28,469)	(28,469)	(28,469)	-	-
Total Business-Type Activities	20,058	(41,722)	(52,155)	257,034	(26,045)	(25,440)	(21,574)	111,233	21,405	138,882
Total Primary Government	$ 8,730,824	$ 8,958,813	$ 8,312,803	$ 7,008,349	$ 7,469,370	$ 6,551,682	$ 6,796,797	$ 6,842,982	$ 6,674,278	$ 6,554,181
Changes in Net Position:										
Governmental Activities	$ (279,658)	$ 835,448	$ 1,013,782	$ (150,833)	$ 1,628,458	$ 555,898	$ 1,038,355	$ (377,023)	$ (263,828)	$ (1,676,653)
Business-Type Activities	578,078	1,365,232	1,778,438	838,896	(214,561)	(457,891)	(354,628)	(128,652)	82,667	(873,770)
Total Primary Government	$ 298,420	$ 2,200,680	$ 2,792,220	$ 688,063	$ 1,413,897	$ 98,007	$ 683,727	$ (505,675)	$ (181,161)	$ (2,550,423)

Source: City financial records

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN YEARS
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
General Fund:										
Reserved	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 107,219	$ 138,909
Unreserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	973,409	1,372,342
Nonspendable	44,487	60,986	60,760	63,946	81,661	159,782	44,307	61,155	-	-
Committed (1)	371,074	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	223,719	273,248	419,894	46,812	64,667	393,296	562,112	256,401	-	-
Unassigned	499,313	591,708	992,701	961,561	740,820	-	73,663	560,025	-	-
Total General Fund	$ 1,138,593	$ 925,942	$ 1,473,355	$ 1,072,319	$ 887,148	$ 553,078	$ 680,082	$ 877,581	$ 1,080,628	$ 1,511,251
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Reserved	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 276,219	$ 350,647
Unreserved (deficit), reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	787,787	1,047,477
Debt Service Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	410,733	394,074
Capital Projects Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	723,045	666,249
Nonspendable	47,328	47,329	48,154	60,786	26,291	25,621	27,702	38,999	-	-
Restricted	1,085,675	1,111,713	991,843	970,914	680,849	608,767	675,513	1,039,070	-	-
Committed	313,486	287,191	532,218	571,918	-	-	70,850	-	-	-
Assigned	440,549	385,239	385,239	386,352	386,152	386,152	386,152	386,152	-	-
Unassigned	(84,666)	(153,987)	(272,058)	(260,746)	(1,666,725)	(1,325,608)	(1,558,573)	(544,843)	-	-
Total All Other Governmental Funds	$ 1,802,372	$ 1,677,485	$ 1,685,396	$ 1,729,224	$ (573,433)	$ (305,068)	$ (398,356)	$ 919,378	$ 2,197,784	$ 2,458,447

Source: City financial records

Note: 2011 was the first year the City implemented GASB 54; the City elected not to apply the standard prospectively
(1) During 2018, the City established a severance reserve fund that was included with the General Fund in accordance with GASB 54

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN YEARS
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Revenues										
Taxes	$ 7,336,145	$ 7,230,730	$ 6,994,998	$ 6,219,556	$ 6,042,919	$ 5,516,444	$ 5,566,501	$ 5,349,136	$ 5,310,372	$ 5,183,896
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	597,294	567,551	529,205	524,329	476,964	454,547	452,863	441,506	240,736	-
Intergovernmental	2,012,936	2,022,215	2,036,260	1,215,071	1,679,228	2,658,581	1,589,536	1,891,845	1,736,023	2,192,876
Charges for Services	892,647	865,545	830,136	826,214	769,224	864,869	881,137	747,078	968,302	692,342
Fines, Costs and Forfeitures	156,219	169,846	134,233	124,043	152,163	131,101	197,051	196,021	229,666	117,904
Licenses, Permits and Inspections	321,405	387,526	300,487	347,373	298,993	308,476	213,233	223,341	177,223	245,031
Interest	16,544	23,092	13,572	16,145	16,071	21,841	28,313	34,474	58,205	66,941
Contributions	43,870	73,804	40,140	33,349	26,105	33,608	47,270	50,749	6,783	17,680
Other	48,920	139,295	64,116	100,970	46,681	32,820	337,962	152,887	127,934	211,186
Total Revenues	11,425,980	11,479,604	10,943,147	9,407,050	9,508,348	10,022,287	9,313,866	9,087,037	8,855,244	8,727,856
Expenditures										
Current:										
Security of persons and property	6,941,187	7,058,507	6,104,526	5,544,849	5,665,366	5,872,990	6,024,562	5,917,133	5,652,619	5,601,881
Public health services	265,972	218,369	227,640	248,339	237,289	238,774	306,401	292,932	338,848	371,429
Leisure time activities	201,729	202,694	198,776	174,456	177,236	189,075	200,297	220,659	251,512	294,920
Community and economic development	320,798	369,238	276,425	47,212	43,646	33,680	100,612	124,383	134,578	143,679
Transportation	708,316	758,751	656,406	609,815	613,396	608,994	632,330	677,233	780,692	667,450
General government	920,919	1,264,057	809,508	881,903	779,533	717,760	1,125,019	1,311,725	1,209,228	1,435,916
Capital outlay	1,051,118	2,832,334	1,675,841	871,545	1,234,142	1,434,327	2,448,443	1,971,979	785,017	3,143,530
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement	834,342	1,180,402	857,834	1,872,291	743,128	733,287	627,520	573,628	518,871	431,811
Interest and Fiscal Charges	183,180	169,970	206,631	249,673	232,916	255,585	247,899	252,270	265,646	195,695
Issuance Costs	-	-	-	87,804	-	-	-	-	-	87,316
Total Expenditures	11,427,561	14,054,322	11,013,587	10,587,887	9,726,652	10,084,472	11,713,083	11,341,942	9,937,011	12,373,627
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,581)	(2,574,718)	(70,440)	(1,180,837)	(218,304)	(62,185)	(2,399,217)	(2,254,905)	(1,081,767)	(3,645,771)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Bond Issuance	-	-	-	3,185,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,810,000
Premium on Bond Issue	-	-	-	71,281	-	-	-	-	-	87,316
Premium on Note Issue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	309,400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inception of Capital Lease	-	1,207,409	-	606,917	24,651	-	503,048	226,798	325,430	237,739
Loan Issuance	180,575	443,933	368,104	47,529	317,712	-	352,467	518,185	65,051	504,324
Transfers In	2,382,671	2,676,334	1,503,903	1,984,579	2,504,385	2,476,008	2,334,505	1,719,732	2,115,734	2,007,615
Transfers Out	(2,224,127)	(2,617,682)	(1,444,359)	(2,226,641)	(2,475,917)	(2,447,539)	(2,306,036)	(1,691,263)	(2,115,734)	(2,007,615)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	339,119	2,019,394	427,648	3,668,665	370,831	28,469	883,984	773,452	390,481	2,639,379
Net Change in Fund Balances	$ 337,538	$ (555,324)	$ 357,208	$ 2,487,828	$ 152,527	$ (33,716)	$ (1,515,233)	$ (1,481,453)	$ (691,286)	$ (1,006,392)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	9.71%	11.76%	11.24%	21.57%	11.46%	11.45%	9.39%	8.57%	8.47%	7.51%

Source: City financial records

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN YEARS

	Real Property		Public Utility Property		Tangible Personal Property (a)		Total		
Tax Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value (1)	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value (1)	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value (1)	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Direct Tax Rate
2018	$ 263,700,030	$ 753,428,657	$ 7,749,760	$ 7,749,760	$ -	$ -	$ 271,449,790	$ 761,178,417	16.90%
2017	253,337,250	723,820,714	7,354,950	7,354,950	-	-	260,692,200	731,175,664	16.90%
2016	233,401,580	666,861,657	6,718,400	6,718,400	-	-	240,119,980	673,580,057	16.90%
2015	224,377,940	641,079,829	6,585,670	6,585,670	-	-	230,963,610	647,665,499	16.90%
2014	216,762,780	619,322,229	6,397,520	6,397,520	-	-	223,160,300	625,719,749	14.50%
2013	214,369,500	612,484,286	5,952,950	5,952,950	-	-	220,322,450	618,437,236	14.50%
2012	211,208,850	603,453,857	5,433,520	5,433,520	-	-	216,642,370	608,887,377	14.50%
2011	212,591,880	607,405,371	5,275,410	5,275,410	-	-	217,867,290	612,680,781	14.50%
2010	228,938,580	654,110,229	4,854,870	4,854,870	132,640	707,413	233,926,090	659,672,512	14.50%
2009	223,533,270	638,666,486	4,314,400	4,314,400	250,870	1,337,973	228,098,540	644,318,859	14.50%

Source: Hamilton County Auditor's Office
Note: Tax collections are one year in arrears (i.e. Tax Year 2018, Collection Year 2019

(1) This amount is calculated based on the following percentages
Real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of actual value
Public utility is assessed at one hundred percent of actual value
Tangible personal is assessed at twenty-five percent of true value for capital
assets and twenty-three percent of true value for inventory included in tangible personal property

(a) House Bill 66 elminated all current Tangible Personal Property in 2009, except for telecommunicatio
companies, whose last required filing was in 2010.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES
(RATE PER $1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE)
LAST TEN YEARS

Tax Year	City Levy			Township Levy	School Levy	County Levy	Joint Vocational Levy	Hamilton County Park District Levy	Library Levy	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates
	General	Police Pension	Fire							
2018	7.20%	0.30%	9.40%	0.06%	48.32%	21.14%	2.70%	1.03%	2.00%	92.15%
2017	7.20%	0.30%	9.40%	0.06%	48.67%	19.16%	2.70%	1.03%	1.00%	89.52%
2016	7.20%	0.30%	9.40%	0.06%	44.18%	18.85%	2.70%	1.03%	1.00%	84.72%
2015	7.20%	0.30%	9.40%	0.06%	44.18%	18.85%	2.70%	1.03%	1.00%	84.72%
2014	5.70%	0.30%	8.50%	0.06%	44.18%	18.85%	2.70%	1.03%	1.00%	82.32%
2013	5.70%	0.30%	8.50%	0.06%	44.18%	19.03%	2.70%	1.03%	1.00%	82.50%
2012	5.70%	0.30%	8.50%	0.06%	44.18%	19.03%	2.70%	1.03%	1.00%	82.50%
2011	5.70%	0.30%	8.50%	0.06%	44.18%	19.03%	2.70%	1.03%	1.00%	82.50%
2010	5.70%	0.30%	8.50%	0.06%	44.68%	19.45%	2.70%	1.03%	1.00%	83.42%
2009	5.70%	0.30%	8.50%	0.06%	44.98%	20.48%	2.70%	1.03%	1.00%	84.75%

Source: Hamilton County Auditor's Office

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS
REAL ESTATE AND TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX
CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO (1)

	December 31, 2018		
Taxpayer	**Taxable Assessed Value**	**Rank**	**Percentage of Assessed Value**
Duke Energy Ohio Inc.	$ 7,720,900	1	2.84%
Hurbert North America Service LLC	3,579,020	2	1.32%
Gregel-Gam Harrison I LLC	3,049,780	3	1.12%
Indian Footprint Apartments LLC	3,019,450	4	1.11%
Broad Properties LLC	2,765,730	5	1.02%
Harrison Center LLC	2,136,520	6	0.79%
Maas Enterprises LTD	2,006,350	7	0.74%
Icon US Industrial Onwer Pool 2 LLC	1,614,270	8	0.59%
Toebben LTD	1,584,850	9	0.58%
Mercy Health Plaza	1,520,600	10	0.56%
Total, Top Ten Principal Real Estate and Tangible Personal Property Taxpayers	$ 28,997,470		10.67%
Total City Real Estate and Tangible Personal Property Valuation	$ 271,449,790		

	December 31, 2008 (1)		
Taxpayer	**Taxable Assessed Value**	**Rank**	**Percentage of Assessed Value**
Hubert Company LLC	$ 5,567,860	1	2.42%
Duke Energy Ohio Inc.	3,987,950	2	1.73%
Indian Footprint	3,246,260	3	1.41%
Hyper Shoppes, Inc.	3,033,000	4	1.32%
Wurster Erlene TR	2,391,670	5	1.04%
Maas Enterprises LTD	2,105,820	6	0.92%
SCI LTD Partnership IV	2,028,190	7	0.88%
Broad Properties LLC	1,935,580	8	0.84%
Mercy Health Partners Property Management	1,519,870	9	0.66%
Broad Properties III LLC	1,355,660	10	0.59%
Total, Top Ten Principal Real Estate and Tangible Personal Property Taxpayers	$ 27,171,860		11.81%
Total City Real Estate and Tangible Personal Property Valuation	$ 229,936,750		

Source: Hamilton County Auditor's Office

(1) Information for the top ten taxpayers for December 31, 2009 was not available.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

REAL AND PUBLIC UTILILTY PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Total Levy	Current Collections	Percent of Current Collections to Tax Levy	Delinquent Collections	Total Collections	Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy
2018	$ 3,366,286	$ 3,118,641	92.64%	$ 49,465	$ 3,168,106	94.11%
2017	3,236,788	2,936,777	90.73%	51,282	2,988,059	92.32%
2016	3,286,236	3,242,575	98.67%	71,860	3,314,435	100.86%
2015	3,265,253	3,108,261	95.19%	67,408	3,175,669	97.26%
2014	3,185,852	3,083,571	96.79%	102,281	3,185,852	100.00%
2013	3,165,713	2,981,765	94.19%	71,749	3,053,514	96.46%
2012	2,874,394	2,621,375	91.20%	91,399	2,712,774	94.38%
2011	2,826,368	2,614,364	92.50%	75,266	2,689,630	95.16%
2010	2,782,684	2,565,609	92.20%	92,270	2,657,879	95.51%
2009	2,390,528	2,283,163	95.51%	104,583	2,387,746	99.88%

Source: Hamilton County Auditor's Office

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

INCOME TAX REVENUE BASE AND COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Tax Rate	Total Tax Collected	Taxes from Withholding	Percentage of Taxes from Withholding	Taxes From Net Profits	Percentage of Taxes from Net Profits	Taxes from Individuals	Percentage of Taxes from Individuals
2018	1.00%	$ 3,888,526	$ 2,789,112	71.73%	$ 497,860	12.80%	$ 601,554	15.47%
2017	1.00%	3,973,901	2,670,156	67.19%	679,944	17.11%	623,801	15.70%
2016	1.00%	4,297,342	2,702,772	62.89%	959,822	22.34%	634,746	14.77%
2015	1.00%	3,897,699	2,593,996	66.55%	633,810	16.26%	669,893	17.19%
2014	1.00%	3,822,703	2,473,014	64.69%	756,821	19.80%	592,868	15.51%
2013	1.00%	3,292,815	2,321,760	70.51%	417,624	12.68%	553,431	16.81%
2012	1.00%	3,182,141	2,224,239	69.90%	428,202	13.46%	529,700	16.65%
2011	1.00%	3,074,018	2,187,382	71.16%	424,190	13.80%	462,446	15.04%
2010	1.00%	2,948,728	2,096,429	71.10%	391,585	13.28%	460,714	15.62%
2009	1.00%	2,918,823	2,065,074	70.75%	333,367	11.42%	520,382	17.83%

Source: City of Harrison Income Tax Department

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
LAST TEN YEARS

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities	
Year	**General Obligation Bonds**	**OPWC Loans**	**ODOT Loan**	**Capital Leases**	**General Obligation Bonds**	**Revenue Bonds**
2018	$ 3,624,539	$ 2,423,542	$ -	$ 1,199,058	$ 4,351,619	$ 11,165,391
2017	4,061,311	2,376,797 (1)	-	1,469,570	4,527,890	12,120,691
2016	4,493,083	1,985,902	-	885,275	4,699,162	13,040,991
2015	4,909,855	1,731,683	39,298	1,179,926	4,865,434	13,926,291
2014	2,997,216	1,795,691	116,161	916,900	5,316,705	14,776,591
2013	3,270,236	1,574,976	190,770	1,193,771	5,497,976	15,596,891
2012	3,533,256	1,670,599	263,188	1,499,017	5,674,248	16,392,191
2011	3,781,276	1,387,370	333,481	1,238,958	5,845,520	16,051,562
2010	3,989,296	921,275	401,713	1,260,466	6,016,792	16,627,691
2009	4,157,497	894,080	467,943	1,169,821	390,000	17,183,820

continued

(1) - Amount was revised due to restatement of loan balances as of December 31, 2017.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (CONTINUED)
LAST TEN YEARS

	Business-Type Activities							
Year	**Capital Leases**	**OPWC Loans**	**OWDA Loans**	**(a) Total Primary Government**	**(c) Per Capita Personal Income**	**Percentage of Personal Income**	**(b) Population**	**Per Capita**
2018	$ 42,628	$ 1,051,590	$ 3,265,200	$ 27,123,567	N/A	N/A	11,608	$ 2,337
2017	39,503	1,164,928	3,576,107	29,336,797	51,536	5%	11,300	2,596
2016	23,351	1,278,266	3,876,802	30,282,832	48,668	6%	11,048	2,741
2015	34,523	1,391,604	4,167,628	32,246,242	47,254	6%	10,666	3,023
2014	16,385	1,504,945	4,354,369	31,794,963	45,878	7%	10,479	3,034
2013	43,891	1,618,283	4,917,615	33,904,409	43,923	8%	10,292	3,294
2012	70,676	1,731,621	5,288,295	36,123,091	43,454	8%	10,103	3,575
2011	-	1,844,959	5,631,096	36,114,222	41,738	9%	9,979	3,619
2010	15,183	1,958,297	5,956,905	37,147,618	39,306	10%	9,897	3,753
2009	29,509	2,071,635	5,996,693	32,360,998	38,771	8%	9,980	3,243

"N/A" indicates that the information was not available

Sources:
(a) See notes to the financial statements regarding the City's outstanding debt information
(b) United States Bureau of Census
(c) See Schedule "Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years" for personal income.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population (1)	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (2)	General Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	General Bonded Debt Per Capital
2018	11,608	$ 761,178,417	$ 7,976,158	1.05%	$ 687
2017	11,300	731,175,664	8,589,201	1.17%	760
2016	11,048	673,580,057	9,192,245	1.36%	832
2015	10,666	647,665,499	9,775,289	1.51%	916
2014	10,479	625,719,749	8,313,921	1.33%	793
2013	10,292	618,437,236	8,768,212	1.42%	852
2012	10,103	608,887,377	9,207,504	1.51%	911
2011	9,979	612,680,781	9,626,796	1.57%	965
2010	9,987	659,672,512	10,006,088	1.52%	1,002
2009	9,980	657,262,059	4,547,497	0.69%	456

Sources:

(1) U. S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population.
(2) Hamilton County Auditor
(3) These amounts only include tax supported general obligation bonds.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT
DECEMBER 31, 2018

Jurisdiction	Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City	Amount Applicable to City
Direct - City of Harrison			
General Obligation Bonds	$ 3,624,539	100.00%	$ 3,624,539
OPWC Loans	2,423,542	100.00%	2,423,542
Capital Leases	1,199,058	100.00%	1,199,058
Total Direct Debt	7,247,139		7,247,139
Overlapping			
Hamilton County	126,870,000	1.35%	1,712,745
Southwest Local School District	80,905,000	43.67%	35,331,214
Great Oaks Institute of Technology	3,105,000	1.32%	40,986
Total Overlapping Debt	210,880,000		37,084,945
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	$ 218,127,139		$ 44,332,084

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN
LAST TEN YEARS

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Assessed Value	$ 271,449,790	$ 260,692,200	$ 240,119,980	$ 230,963,610	$ 223,160,300	$ 220,322,450	$ 216,642,370	$ 217,867,290	$ 233,926,090	$ 228,098,540
Legal Debt Margin										
Debt Limitation - 10.5% of Assessed Value	28,502,228	27,372,681	25,212,598	68,004,877	65,700,574	64,935,910	63,933,175	64,331,482	69,265,614	67,653,480
Total Indebtedness	7,750,000	8,350,000	8,940,000	9,510,000	8,110,000	8,555,000	8,985,000	9,395,000	9,765,000	4,475,000
Debt Within 10.5% Limitation	7,750,000	8,350,000	8,940,000	9,510,000	8,110,000	8,555,000	8,985,000	9,395,000	9,765,000	4,475,000
Overall Legal Debt Margin Within 10.5% Limitation	$ 20,752,228	$ 19,022,681	$ 16,272,598	$ 58,494,877	$ 57,590,574	$ 56,380,910	$ 54,948,175	$ 54,936,482	$ 59,500,614	$ 63,178,480
Unvoted Debt Limitation - 5.5% of Assessed Value	$ 14,929,738	$ 14,338,071	$ 13,206,599	$ 35,621,602	$ 34,414,586	$ 34,014,048	$ 33,488,806	$ 33,697,443	$ 36,281,988	$ 35,437,537
Indebtedness Authorized by Council	7,750,000	8,350,000	8,940,000	9,510,000	8,110,000	8,555,000	8,985,000	9,395,000	9,765,000	4,475,000
Debt Within 5.5% Limitation	7,750,000	8,350,000	8,940,000	9,510,000	8,110,000	8,555,000	8,985,000	9,395,000	9,765,000	4,475,000
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin Within 5.5% Limitation	$ 7,179,738	$ 5,988,071	$ 4,266,599	$ 26,111,602	$ 26,304,586	$ 25,459,048	$ 24,503,806	$ 24,302,443	$ 26,516,988	$ 30,962,537

Source: City of Harrison, Finance Director's Office

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

PLEDGED REVENUE BOND COVERAGE - SEWER FUND
LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Operating Revenue (1)	Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Debt Service Requirements			Coverage (3)
				Principal	Interest	Total	
2018	$ 3,883,311	$ 1,682,941	$ 2,200,370	$ 940,000	$ 365,581	$ 1,305,581	1.69
2017	3,828,129	1,363,799	2,464,330	905,000	401,781	1,306,781	1.89
2016	3,692,376	1,392,151	2,300,225	870,000	436,581	1,306,581	1.76
2015	3,612,604	1,559,549	2,053,055	835,000	468,181	1,303,181	1.58
2014	3,285,941	1,682,416	1,603,525	805,000	502,181	1,307,181	1.23
2013	3,166,710	1,585,764	1,580,946	780,000	525,581	1,305,581	1.21
2012	3,208,589	1,332,757	1,875,832	400,000	243,076	643,076	2.92
2011	3,182,876	1,203,679	1,979,197	570,000	774,500	1,344,500	1.47
2010	2,835,441	1,096,588	1,738,853	550,000	792,925	1,342,925	1.29
2009	2,565,446	1,138,387	1,427,059	485,000	807,475	1,292,475	1.10

Source: City of Harrison, Finance Director's Office

(1) Includes both operating and certain nonoperating revenues (i.e. investment earnings and intergovernmental grants) of the sewer fund.
(2) Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.
(3) The requied coverage ratio is 1.10.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS
LAST TEN YEARS

				Unemployment Rates (2)		
Year	**Population (1)**	**Per Capita Personal Income (2)**	**School Enrollment (3)**	**Hamilton County**	**Ohio**	**United States**
2018	11,608	N/A	3,875	4.1%	4.6%	3.9%
2017	11,300	51,536	3,724	4.0%	4.9%	4.1%
2016	11,048	48,668	3,724	4.0%	5.0%	4.7%
2015	10,666	47,254	3,724	4.1%	4.7%	5.0%
2014	10,479	45,878	3,724	4.0%	4.8%	5.6%
2013	10,292	43,923	3,589	6.2%	7.1%	6.7%
2012	10,103	43,454	3,589	7.0%	7.2%	8.1%
2011	9,979	41,738	3,306	8.6%	8.6%	8.9%
2010	9,897	39,306	3,521	9.4%	10.1%	9.6%
2009	9,980	38,771	3,726	8.8%	10.1%	9.3%

"N/A" indicates that the information was not available.

Sources:
(1) U.S. Census Bureau
(2) U.S Bureau of Economic Analysis, Cincinnati MSA
(3) Southwest Local School District
(4) Ohio Labor Market Information

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2018			2009		
Employer	**Employees**	**Rank**	**Percentage of Total City Employment**	**Employees**	**Rank**	**Percentage of Total City Employment**
J.T.M. Provisions Company Inc.	500-550	1	5.38%	400-450	3	2.17%
Kroger Limited Partnership	500-550	2	5.38%	200-250	6	3.35%
Southwest Local School District	300-350	3	3.33%	450-500	1	3.70%
Hubert North America	250-300	4	2.82%	300-350	4	2.84%
Cincinnati Test Systems	200-250	5	2.31%			
F&M Mafco Inc.	200-250	6	2.31%	200-250	7	1.76%
Wayne Scott Fetzer Company	200-250	7	2.31%	300-350	2	3.53%
City of Harrison, Ohio	100-150	8	1.28%	100-150	10	1.10%
Campbell Hausfeld/Scott Fetzer	50-100	9	0.77%	150-200	9	1.29%
Crown Plastics	50-100	10	0.77%			
Shawneespring Health Care Center				300-350	5	2.39%
Superval Holdings Inc.				150-200	8	1.68%
Total	2,350-2,850		26.66%	2,500-3,000		23.81%
Total City Employment	9,500-10,000			11,000-11,500		

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency, City of Harrison, Ohio Income Tax Bureau
Note: Percentages are calculated using the midpoints of the ranges

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government										
Clerk of Council	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Municipal Court Magistrate	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Municipal Clerk of Courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mayor	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Service Director	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Finance	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Law	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Safety Director	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Income Tax	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Other	9	9	9	8	6	6	6	3	3	3
Public Safety										
Police	25	25	20	25	22	21	22	21	23	23
Fire	46	51	46	36	36	39	42	30	31	31
Health and Welfare										
Senior Center	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Transportation										
Streets	8	8	8	8	7	6	7	7	7	7
Community Environment										
Planning	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building/Zoning	5	5	5	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Leisure Time Activity										
Parks Administration	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Center	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Utility Services										
Water	6	6	6	5	5	4	5	5	5	5
Sewer	6	6	6	7	7	9	7	7	7	7
Total	124	129	119	108	100	103	106	89	92	92

Source: City of Harrison, Finance Director's Office

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN YEARS

Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government										
Positions Filled	4	3	10	0	2	-	5	3	3	3
Building Permits Issued	244	178	220	177	215	210	219	240	213	237
Building Inspections Performe	648	486	588	620	938	-	779	n/a	884	929
Ordinances & Resolutions	122	76	77	76	44	33	28	24	28	77
Public Safety										
Police:										
Physical Arrests	1,293	1,241	1,219	1,050	853	911	960	1,016	1,126	1,216
Offense Reports	1,196	1,255	1,242	1,072	1,001	1,018	1,063	1,060	1,001	1,040
Traffic Citations	1,711	3,544	2,792	2,745	1,858	1,987	1,551	1,668	1,853	1,877
Fire:										
Emergency Responses	1,663	1,755	1,846	1,636	1,647	1,799	1,784	1,885	1,974	2,128
Fire Responses	407	408	427	425	557	484	613	575	565	608
Inspections conducted	765	479	647	612	419	594	680	669	804	775
Leisure Time Activities										
Senior Center Attendance	8,873	7,659	7,172	6,969	7,686	7,400	6,768	7,000	8,400	5,174
Senior Center Membership	223	201	186	185	208	241	185	185	185	160
Transportation										
Street Resurfacing (miles)	1.1	1.1	4.0	0.2	1.1	0.5	-	0.2	1.5	1.5
Tons of salt used	690	813	362	511	313	389	276	333	736	554
Water										
New Connections	20	17	51	52	62	61	100	88	31	23
Water Main Breaks	8	15	9	8	9	3	14	11	6	5

Source: City of Harrison, Finance Director's Office
n/a - information was unavailable at the time of preparation.

CITY OF HARRISON, OHIO

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN YEARS

Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Public Safety										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire:										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Leisure Time Activities										
Parks	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Park Acreage	69.5	69.5	69.5	69.5	69.5	69.5	69.5	69.5	69.5	69.5
Tennis Courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Baseball /Softball fields	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Transportation										
Streets (Paved Miles)	40	40	42	42	44	44	44	44	44	44
Water										
Water Mains (miles)	37	37	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Sewer										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	27	27	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34

Source: City of Harrison Finance Director Office